COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Prepared By: Finance Department

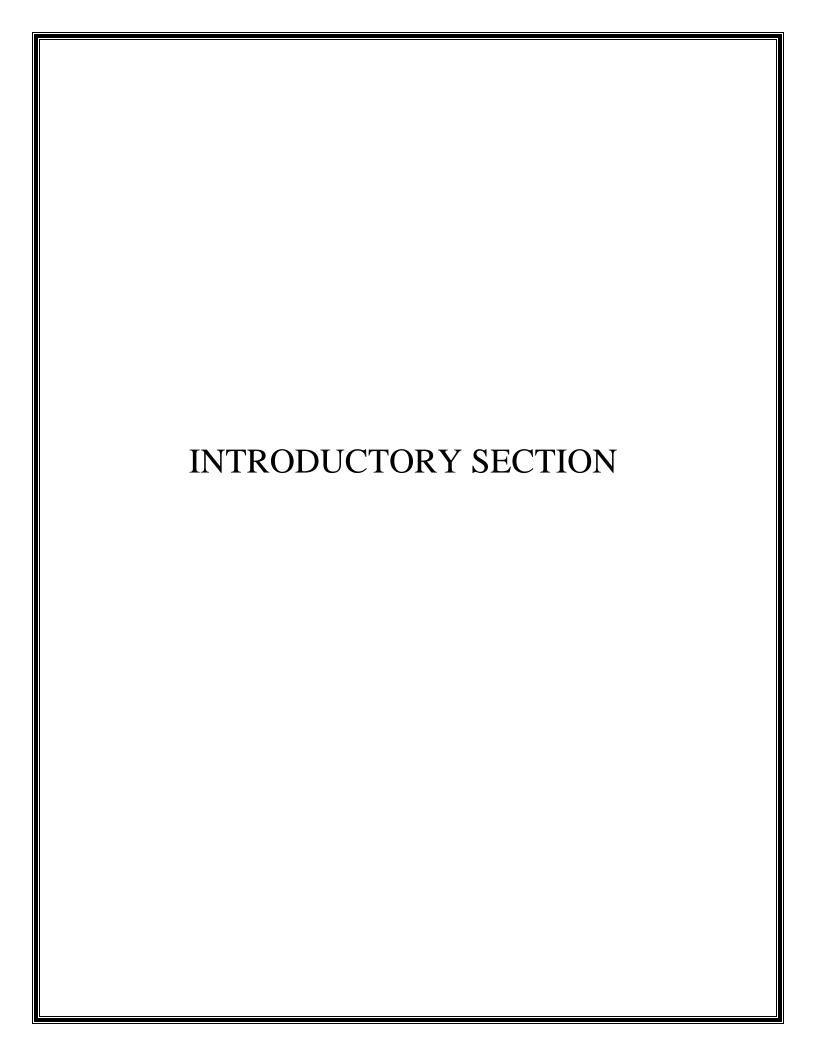
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June 13, 2018

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen City of Wentzville, Missouri

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Wentzville, Missouri (the City) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, is hereby submitted. This report was prepared by the Finance Department and staff. Responsibility for the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. The financial statements and supporting schedules have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is designed to fairly present the financial position and results of the various funds and operations of the City.

To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established internal controls that are designed to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the financial statements in conformance with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the internal controls have been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance, that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a management's discussion and analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditors' report. This year's CAFR is the eleventh year that the City has presented its financial statements under the new reporting model required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 (GASB).

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The community was founded in 1855 and served as a railroad depot. The City of Wentzville was incorporated in 1872. In compliance with Missouri State Statutes, the duties of the City are vested in the Mayor and Board of Aldermen consisting of six members. The City is located in western St. Charles County at the intersection of 1-70 and 1-64/US Highway 40-61.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The City has been fortunate in seeing an increase in sales tax revenue and property tax revenue over the last year. Property taxes on both residential and commercial properties are one of the City's primary sources of revenue. The City also relies on sales tax from local businesses as a primary source of revenue.

Housing sales follow national trends and the City has seen increasing activity since 2015 in the number of homes being sold and new construction occurring throughout the community. The City continues to be a desirable community in which to live due to our superior services and proximity to shopping and major highways.

The City of Wentzville continues to maintain a diverse economic base. This diverse base consists of industrial, retail and service commercial, medical-related facilities, and other support services within the community. A number of Fortune 500 companies maintain a presence in the City. These include Walmart, General Motors, CVS Health, CenturyLink, and Lear Corporation. Retail establishments are dispersed around the City, but Wentzville Parkway, Historic Downtown Wentzville and the Wentzville Bluffs area maintain a concentration of retail and service commercial businesses.

The City is home to over 600 brick and mortar businesses and an additional almost 250 home-based businesses. Of the 600 brick and mortar businesses, these include approximately 160 businesses in the Historic Downtown area; 55 in the industrial area near the General Motors Wentzville Assembly Center; 135 along Wentzville Parkway; and another 200+ businesses located throughout the community in other areas.

The City of Wentzville continues to be a very desirable place for business location and expansion. The addition of 600 single-family homes in 2016, 663 new single-family homes in 2017 and a projected 600 - 700 homes in 2018 ensures that we remain the fastest-growing City in the entire State of Missouri. With 29,000 counted in the 2010 census and an estimated 40,000 residents today-this aggressive residential growth helps to fuel Wentzville's economic engine.

The Wentzville Bluffs development continues to be an example of this growth. The B&B movie theatre opened in late 2015, the Stone Summit Steak & Seafood Restaurant and a retail center opened in 2016. The Hampton Inn and a Burger King opened in 2017. In 2018, a four-tenant retail center will include a boutique, dry cleaners and meat market and pizza business.

A number of new businesses recently opened in the City of Wentzville. These businesses include:

- Stark Bros. Nurseries
- USA Mortgage
- Yoga at the Crossroads
- Glasswing Massage
- Chieftain Contract Services
- Club Pilates
- Burger King
- Apichat Realty
- Lake St. Louis Wigs and Cuts

- Petro-Mart
- Old Town Smokehouse
- Duke's BBQ
- St. Louis Consolidators
- Metro PCs
- Turning Point
- Servepro
- The Blue House Downtown

The continuing success of the Chevrolet Colorado and GMC Canyon pickup trucks, along with the full-sized van, continues at the General Motors Wentzville Assembly Center is noteworthy. Since adding a third shift in March 2015, the plant has continued to add employees. General Motors remains the largest employer in St. Charles County with a workforce of almost 5,000 employees operating on three shifts.

In 2015, the Board of Aldermen approved a substantial industrial development project to serve as a sub-assembly operation and provide warehousing space for the nearby GM assembly plant. The Wentzville Logistics Center is a 1.1 million square-foot facility located on 73 acres, near the intersection of Highway A and Westgate Business Court, near Highway 40/61. The Wentzville Logistics Center officially opened in January 2017 and is the second largest building in St. Charles County (the largest being GM assembly plant). The facility provided 400 net new jobs in the community.

There are a number of additional projects which have been approved and currently are under construction. These include the Boulevard Senior Living and Morgan School on Highway Z, the retail center at Wentzville Bluffs, Max-Air Technology in Builders Resource Park and a conversion of Tommy D's Pizza to a Captain D's in Historic Downtown Wentzville.

The City's purchasing policy has played an important role in keeping spending under control. More items are purchased on citywide contracts rather than individual department purchases. Operating reserves required in the fund balance policy give additional assurance that the City can continue to operate if slight downturns in the economy occur.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The City desires to plan for the success of the City for decades to come. To encourage growth and stability, the City has actively sought out and supported residential and commercial development. The Board of Aldermen have used a variety of available funding mechanisms to support projects including Transportation Development Districts (TDD), Neighborhood Improvement Districts (NID), Community Improvement Districts (CID), Chapter 353 and Chapter 100. These are applied to projects on a case-to-case basis.

In 2017, nearly \$2.2 million in repairs were completed to existing City streets including the Highway 61 Outer Road and the Flashing Yellow Arrow and ADA Traffic Signal and Battery updates. Highway 61 Outer Road is nearing completion where a section of the outer road from Peine Road to the proposed Lexington subdivision is being constructed to improve safety and provide access for residents and businesses back to Wentzville Parkway without using Highway 61. Flashing left turn arrows were installed at 11 intersections within the City to improve traffic signal operation efficiency and safety by expanding the number of phases that permit left-turn movements. The City also upgraded pedestrian crossings at 13 signals within the City to be ADA compliant. These improvements included upgraded curb ramps and pedestrian signal heads to include a countdown display while also incorporating battery backup systems to keep the signals functioning during a power outage. The City worked with a consultant team to begin design of West Meyer Road – Phase III and Wentzville Parkway Turn Lane - Phase II. The future complete reconstruction of West Meyer Road from North Point Prairie Road to the City-constructed bridge west of Rotary Park will include a roadway with a PCI of 100 and room for residential growth as well as 10-foot wide pedestrian trailers with connectivity to Rotary Park. Phase II of the Wentzville Parkway Turn Lane will allow for a center left turn lane from William Dierberg Drive to Schroeder Creek Boulevard as well as ADA ramps and a 10-foot wide, multi-use trail. Also in the works in 2017 were the beginning phases of David Hoekel Parkway and the continuous revitalization of downtown. In 2017, the City hosted the grand openings of Peruque Valley Park in April and new City Hall in November. The City is also starting the design of a universally accessible playground.

In 2018, more than \$2.4 million in street repairs are budgeted. This work kicked off in early May and will continue through late fall consisting of concrete slab repairs as well as asphalt overlays as well as sidewalk repairs and replacement. Design and construction work continues for Wentzville Parkway Turn Lane Phase II and West Meyer Road Phase III as well as the completion of Highway 61 Outer Road. Funds are budgeted in 2018 for the continued revitalization of downtown including aesthetic enhancements and infrastructure improvements. 2018 will also see work on numerous other capital improvements such as the beginning construction phase of David Hoekel Parkway and nearly \$6.6 million for a new two million gallon water tower and one million gallon well to improve both resident and business service and the construction of a universally accessible playground.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The voters approved a ½-cent capital improvement sales tax. These funds are being used to pay the annual debt requirement leasehold revenue bonds issued to build a new law enforcement center and for stormwater projects. The remaining funds are to purchase equipment for the City departments.

The voters also passed a ½-cent sales tax for transportation. The City uses this tax for transportation improvements. The revenues from this tax pay for the City's share of the new construction and improvements of roads.

The voters also passed a ½-cent sales tax for parks in August of 2010. Collection of this park sales tax began January 2011. The City is using 80% of the revenue generated to pay the debt issued to cover developing new parks and 20% on operations. In 2010, the City issued certificates of participation for \$3,710,000 that included a 45% Recovery Zone subsidy on interest through the Missouri Department of Economic Development. In 2011, certificates of participation for \$18,900,000 were issued. The funds from these two issues will be used to build the new parks projects.

In 2017, the City entered into a Direct Loan Agreement and Promissory Note in the amount of \$5,000,000 with Missouri Highways and Transportation Commission and the Missouri Transportation Finance Corporation (MTFC) to assist in funding David Hoekel Parkway. The loan matures in 2023. The interest rate is 1.00% and the first debt service payment is scheduled for July 2018.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

City ordinances require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The certified public accounting firm of Botz Deal & Co was selected by the Board of Aldermen to perform this year's audit. The auditors' report is included in this report.

AWARD

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awards the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Finance Reporting. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. Such CAFR must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR meets the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for the certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The preparation of the CAFR on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service and cooperation of the entire staff of the City. Each member has my sincere appreciation for their contributions made in the preparation of this report. We would also like to acknowledge the assistance of our independent public accountants, Botz Deal & Co in formulating this report.

In closing, without the support of the Mayor and Board of Aldermen, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

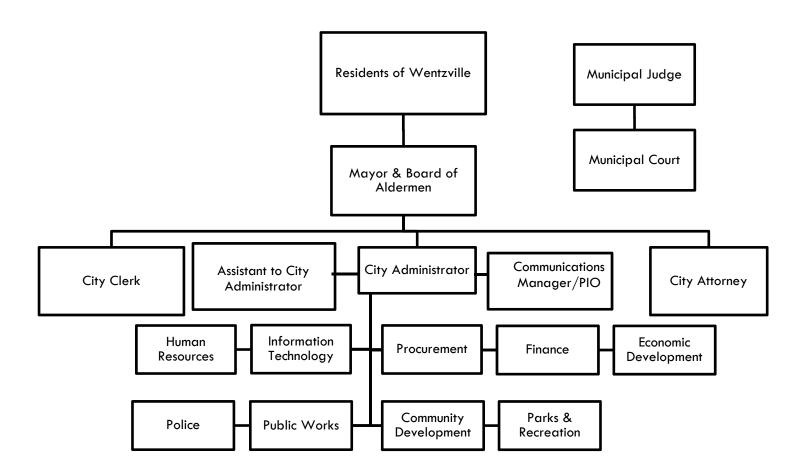
Respectfully submitted,

Jeffred D. Lonk

Danielle Bruckerhoff, CPA V Assistant Director of Finance

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ORANIZATIONAL CHART DECEMBER 31, 2017



LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS DECEMBER 31, 2017

MAYOR Nick Guccione

ALDERMEN
Bryan Harr
Robert Hussey
Brittany Gillett
Michael Rhoades
Matt Swanson
Linda Wright

CITY ADMINISTRATOR David Gipson

FINANCE DIRECTOR

Jeff Lenk

ASSISTANT FINANCE DIRECTOR
Danielle Bruckerhoff



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
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for Excellence
in Financial
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Presented to

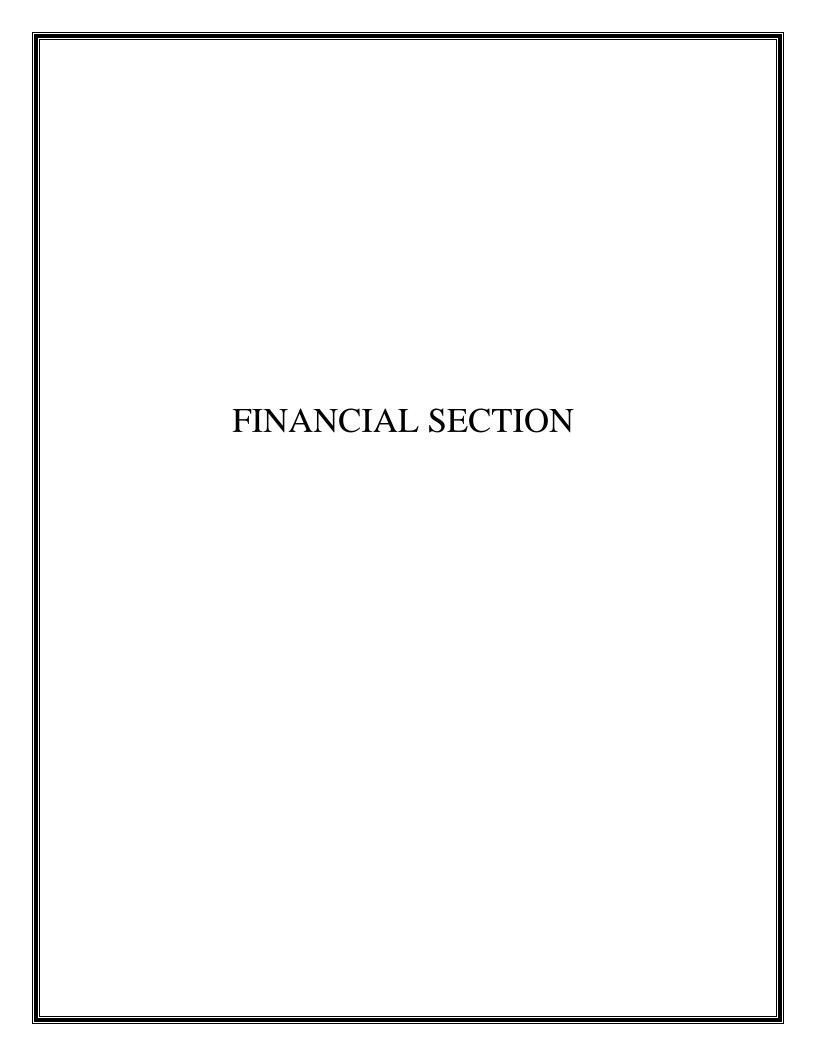
City of Wentzville Missouri

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2016

Christopher P. Movill

Executive Director/CEO



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen CITY OF WENTZVILLE, MISSOURI

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wentzville, Missouri, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wentzville, Missouri, as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in the financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and the pension and postemployment information pages 4 through 15 and 59 through 65 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Wentzville, Missouri's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the budgetary comparison schedules included in the other supplemental information section are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

St. Charles, Missouri

June 13, 2018

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Year Ended December 31, 2017

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Wentzville's (the City) financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follows this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, the City's total net position increased by \$15,103,128 from \$214,299,353 to \$229,402,481, or 7.05% from the prior year.
- During the year, the City's expenses for governmental activities were \$36,687,471 and were funded by program revenues and grants of \$13,963,441 and further funded with taxes and other general revenues which totaled \$30,023,733.
- For the City's business-type activities, such as utilities, the change in net position including capital contributions and transfers was \$7,803,428.
- General Fund balance increased \$2,078,941 to \$14,680,467 representing an increase of 16.50% from the prior year.
- Park Fund has a fund balance of \$3,166,206. New sales tax revenue began in 2011. A portion of this balance is being used for construction, equipment and operations needed for the new park complexes once completed.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the City and its component units using the integrated approach as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34. Included in this report are governmental-wide statements for each of three categories of activities, governmental, business-type and discretely presented component units. The government-wide financial statements present the complete financial picture of the City from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities and business-type activities separately and combined. These statements include all assets of the City (including infrastructure capital assets) as well as liabilities (including all long-term debt).

Reporting the City as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

One of the most frequently asked questions about the City's finances is, "Has the City's overall financial condition improved, declined, or remained steady over the past year?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two government-wide statements report the City's net position and changes in them from the prior year. You can think of the City's net position - the difference between assets and liabilities - as one way to measure the City's financial condition, or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving, deteriorating, or remaining steady. However, you must consider other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the City's tax base, the condition of the City's roads, and the quality of services to assess the overall health and performance of the City.

As mentioned above, in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the general government, law enforcement, economic development, public works, community development, and parks. Sales taxes, property taxes, franchise fees, fines, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The City charges a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water, wastewater, and sanitation activities are reported here.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money.

Governmental funds - Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic service it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each governmental fund financial statement.

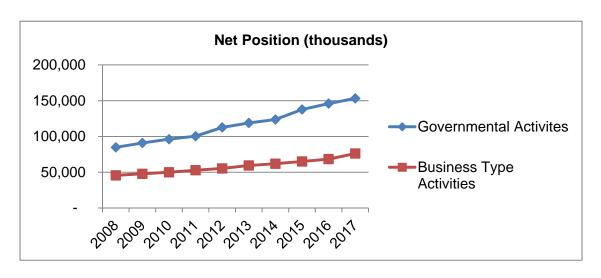
Proprietary funds - When the City charges customers for the services it provides - whether to outside customers or to other units of the City - these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's Proprietary Funds are essentially the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. This includes an Internal Service Fund where cost is centralized then fully allocated to the departments of the City.

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The City's combined net position increased from \$214,299,353 to \$229,402,481 between fiscal years 2016 and 2017. Looking at the net position of governmental and business-type activities separately, governmental activities at \$7,299,703 had a smaller increase than business-type activities at \$7,803,428.

Governmental Activities							
	2017	2016					
Assets							
Current and other assets	\$ 40,763,620	\$ 47,728,654					
Capital assets, net	143,458,296	131,016,102					
Total assets	\$ 184,221,916	\$ 178,744,756					
Deferred Outflows	\$ 2,431,718	\$ 4,020,390					
Liabilities							
Current liabilities	\$ 5,310,321	\$ 6,792,378					
Noncurrent liabilities	28,107,799	30,037,904					
Total liabilities	\$ 33,418,120	\$ 36,830,282					
Deferred Inflows	\$ 950	\$					
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets	\$121,988,531	\$ 107,905,462					
Restricted	16,806,886	25,313,791					
Unrestricted	14,439,147	12,715,611					
Total net position	\$153,234,564	\$ 145,934,864					



Business Type Activities								
	2017	2016						
Assets								
Current and other assets	\$ 25,034,382	\$ 21,760,556						
Capital assets, net	82,465,005	80,284,655						
Total assets	\$ 107,499,387	\$ 102,045,211						
Deferred Outflows	\$ 480,405	\$ 729,456						
Liabilities								
Current liabilities	\$ 1,486,747	\$ 1,335,636						
Noncurrent liabilities	30,324,890	33,074,542						
Total liabilities	\$ 31,811,637	\$ 34,410,178						
Deferred Inflows	\$238	\$						
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets	\$52,603,660	\$47,555,767						
Restricted	1,319,726	1,598,466						
Unrestricted	22,244,531	19,210,256						
Total net position	\$ 76,167,917	\$ 68,364,489						

Total							
	2017	2016					
Assets							
Current and other assets	\$ 65,798,002	\$ 69,489,210					
Capital assets, net	225,923,301	211,300,757					
Total assets	\$ 291,721,303	\$ 280,789,967					
Deferred Outflows	\$ 2,912,123	\$ 4,749,846					
Liabilities							
Current liabilities	\$ 6,797,068	\$ 8,128,014					
Noncurrent liabilities	58,432,689	63,112,446					
Total liabilities	\$ 65,229,757	\$ 71,240,460					
Deferred Inflows	\$ 1,188	\$					
Net Position							
Net investment in capital							
assets	\$ 174,592,191	\$ 155,461,229					
Restricted	18,126,612	26,912,257					
Unrestricted	36,683,678	31,925,867					
Total net position	\$ 229,402,481	\$ 214,299,353					

Changes in Net Position

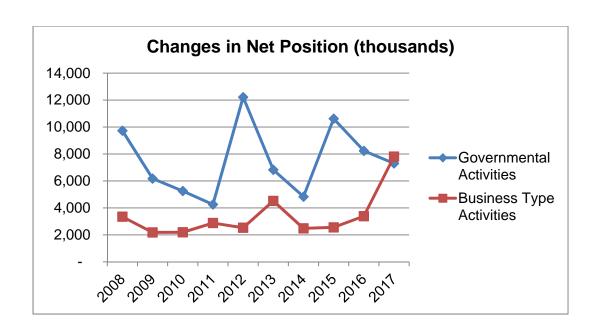
For the year ended December 31, 2017 net position of the primary activities changed as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
Revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 4,312,489	\$ 18,815,537	\$ 23,128,026
Capital grants and contributions	9,650,952	4,470,472	14,121,424
Total program revenues	13,963,441	23,286,009	37,249,450
Sales tax	19,724,966		19,724,966
Property tax	7,253,305		7,253,305
Utility tax	3,869,364		3,869,364
Investment income	239,301	187,412	426,713
Other	237,379	25,116	262,495
Total general revenues	31,324,315	212,528	31,536,843
Total revenues	45,287,756	23,498,537	68,786,293
Expenses			
General government	4,652,308		4,652,308
Public safety	9,066,117		9,066,117
Community development and public works	16,799,986		16,799,986
Parks and recreation	5,000,246		5,000,246
Interest and fiscal charges	1,168,817		1,168,817
Water		6,941,868	6,941,868
Sewer		7,516,724	7,516,724
Trash		2,537,099	2,537,099
Total expenses	36,687,474	16,995,691	53,683,165
Excess of revenues over expenses	8,600,282	6,502,846	15,103,128
Zinesis of revenues over expenses	3,300,202	3,502,010	15,105,120
Transfers	(1,300,582)	1,300,582	
Changes in net position	\$ 7,299,700	\$ 7,803,428	\$ 15,103,128
Beginning net position	\$145,934,864	\$ 68,364,489	\$214,299,353
Ending net position	\$153,234,564	\$ 76,167,917	\$229,402,481

Changes in Net Position

For the year ended December 31, 2016 net position of the primary activities changed as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
Revenues		***	
Charges for services	\$ 4,539,201	\$17,688,520	\$ 22,227,721
Capital grants and contributions	8,180,357	1,126,597	9,306,954
Total program revenues	12,719,558	18,815,117	31,534,675
Sales tax	18,540,722		18,540,722
Property tax	6,557,389		6,557,389
Utility tax	3,582,665		3,582,665
Other tax	5,502,005		5,502,005
Investment income	476,977	448,099	925,076
Other	303,219	67,540	370,759
Total general revenues	29,460,972	515,639	29,976,611
Total revenues	42,180,530	19,330,756	61,511,286
Expenses	7 7		
General government	4,174,986		4,174,986
Public safety	8,364,921		8,364,921
Community development and public works	14,925,450		14,925,450
Parks and recreation	4,461,290		4,461,290
Interest and fiscal charges	1,241,586		1,241,586
Water		6,555,780	6,555,780
Sewer		7,777,547	7,777,547
Trash		2,390,964	2,390,964
Total expenses	33,168,233	16,724,291	49,892,524
•			•
Excess of revenues over expenses	9,012,297	2,606,465	11,618,762
Transfers	(778,250)	778,250	
Changes in net position	\$ 8,234,047	\$ 3,384,715	\$ 11,618,762
Beginning net position	\$137,700,817	\$64,979,774	\$202,680,591
Ending net position	\$145,934,864	\$68,364,489	\$214,299,353



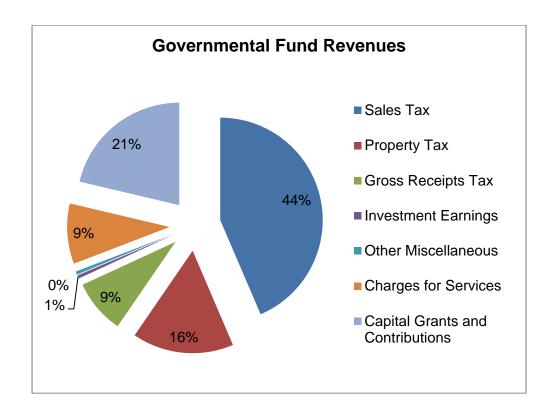
Governmental Activities

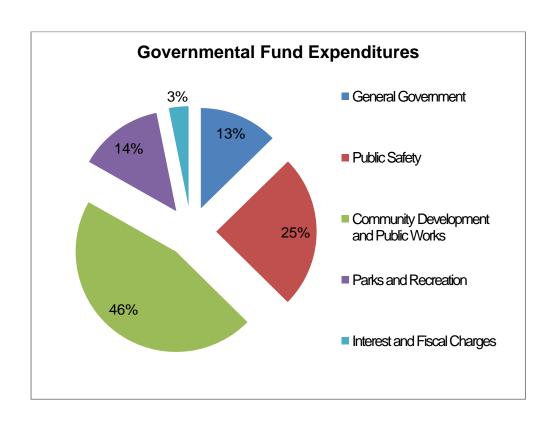
To aid in the understanding of the Statement of Activities some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different than a typical Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. You will notice that expenses are listed in the first column with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a Net Revenues (Expenses). The reason for this kind of format is to highlight the relative financial burden of each of the functions on the City's taxpayers. It also identifies how much each function draws from the general revenues or if it is self-financing through fees and grants or contributions. All other governmental revenues are reported as general. It is important to note all taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

Total expenses and net revenues (expenses) of the functions as reported in the Statement of Activities for governmental activities are as follows:

	Total revenues of function	Total expenses of function	Net revenue (expense) of function
General government	\$ 66,825	\$ 4,652,308	\$ (4,585,483)
Public safety	1,089,019	9,066,117	(7,977,098)
Community development and public works	10,742,793	16,799,986	(6,057,193)
Parks and recreation	2,064,804	5,000,246	(2,935,442)
Interest and fiscal charges	-	1,168,817	(1,168,817)
Total	\$ 13,963,441	\$ 36,687,474	\$(22,724,033)

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the City's governmental fund activities were as follows:





The City's governmental activities increase in net position of \$7,299,700 represents a 5.00% increase in net position from the prior year. In governmental activities, revenues increased from \$42,180,530 to \$45,287,756 or \$3,107,226. Taxes and other general revenues before transfers increased \$1,863,343. Charges for services have decreased by \$226,712. Capital grants for road projects increased by \$1,470,595.

Governmental activities expenses increased by 10.61%, or \$3,519,241 from \$33,168,233 to \$36,687,474. Of these total expenses, taxpayers and other general revenues before transfers funded \$31,324,315, while those directly benefiting from the programs funded \$9,650,952 from grants and other contributions and \$4,312,489 from charges for services.

Of the increase in expenditures, General Government increased \$477,322, Public Safety increased \$701,196, Community Development, which includes Public Works, increased \$1,874,536, with the construction of several road improvement projects as well as utility infrastructure installation projects, Parks increased \$538,956 and interest and other fiscal charges decreased \$72,769.

Business-type Activities

In reviewing the business-type activities net revenues (expenses), the following highlights should be noted:

Total business-type activities reported revenues of \$24,799,119 and expenses of \$16,995,691 for a net increase of \$7,803,428.

In business-type activities program revenues increased by \$4,470,892 or 23.76%, meanwhile expenses increased by \$271,400 or 1.62%. The revenue includes an increase in charges for services of \$1,127,017 and an increase of \$3,343,875 for capital grants and contributions. In water and wastewater, part of this increase was due to additional customers resulting from new construction activity.

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed its 2017 fiscal year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$33,609,484 a \$6,417,550 or 16.03% decrease from the prior year. The Enterprise Funds reported combined net position of \$75,956,659 a \$7,806,221 or 11.45% increase from 2016's combined net position of \$68,150,438. The City fund balance policy requires an unrestricted fund balance of not less than 25% of operating expenditures for the General Fund and the Park, Water and Wastewater Funds require a restricted fund balance of 15% of operating expenditures. Fund balances being reported exceed the minimum in the General Fund. In the General Fund, the budgeted required minimum for operating was \$4,395,622 and the ending unassigned was \$12,134,550.

Other fund highlights include:

- For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, the General Fund had revenues of \$20,558,866 and expenditures of \$17,606,943, resulting in a \$2,951,923 increase in fund balance before any transfers and sale of capital assets. Transfers to and from other funds of \$904,616 and sale of capital assets of \$31,634 resulted in a net decrease to fund balance of \$872,982 or 6.93%.
- Total revenues in the General Fund grew in 2017 compared to 2016, resulting in an increase of \$1,021,928 or 5.23%. Property tax increased by \$692,020 due to new construction. Sales tax increased \$510,780 in 2017 as the population continued to grow. Investment income was up as the City held true to its investment policy of safety of principal first, and then liquidity and yield last. Gross receipts tax increased by \$286,700, licenses and permits were down \$496,495 due to a large building permit related to the Northpoint Development/Logistics Center being issued in 2016 and but the real estate market in Wentzville continued its strong growth pattern, and fines were up \$6,012.
- General Fund expenditures increased by \$1,024,602 or 6.18%. General government increased by \$293,995, public safety increased by \$486,464, and community development and public works increased by \$482,773 while capital outlay decreased by \$238,630.
- The Park Special Revenue Fund's total fund balance increased by \$280,798 including transfers out of \$1,498,743. The revenues increased by \$488,255, which is related to the opening of Peruque Valley Park in April, another full year of operations at Heartland Park and sales tax. The expenditures increased by \$688,730, with operating costs increasing by \$421,036 as a result of the opening of Peruque Valley Park and another full year of operations at Heartland Park. Capital outlay and debt service increased by \$267,694. Revenues exceeded expenditures, before transfers and other financing source by \$1,772,526.
- The Transportation Special Revenue Fund's total fund balance increased by \$17,357. The revenues decreased by \$2,059,946, which is related to county road board grants received for road construction on Wentzville Parkway Turn Lane, Highway 61 Outer Road, and Schroeder Creek Boulevard in 2016. The expenditures decreased by \$2,635,168, with operating costs increasing by \$40,672 and capital outlay and debt service decreasing by \$2,675,840. Expenditures were related to road projects and yearly slab and asphalt replacement projects. Road projects included Highway 61 Outer Road, ADA Traffic Signals and Battery Updates, Highway N and Perry Cate Blvd. Signal, and design work for West Meyer Road Phase III and Wentzville Parkway Turn Lane Phase II. Expenditures exceeded revenues, before transfers and other financing sources and uses by \$78,059.
- The Park Debt Fund's total fund balance decreased by \$108,858 including transfers in of \$1,498,743. The revenues decreased by \$106,045. The expenditures increased by \$3,850,817, with operating costs decreasing by \$5,773, capital outlay decreasing by \$3,842,141, and debt service decreasing by \$2,903. Expenditures exceeded revenues, before transfers and other financing source by \$1,607,600. The decrease in the fund balance for the year is due to the completion of Peruque Valley Park.
- The Water Fund reported an increase in net position for the year ended December 31, 2017 of \$2,983,158 and the Wastewater Fund reported an increase of \$4,812,864. The increases are due to additional customers resulting from new construction activity.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Actual revenues were \$20,558,866, \$1,659,436 or 8.78% more than the revised budget of \$18,899,430. Expenditures were \$17,724,916 or 7.34% under revised budget of \$19,130,180.

Fiscal year 2017 revenues were budgeted originally at \$637,508 less than the 2016 actual. The actual increase from 2016 to 2017 is \$1,021,928 or 5.23%. Property and sales tax was budgeted \$47,956 below 2016 and came in \$1,441,899 above budget. The increase in property tax and sales tax was primarily due to increased new home sales and new residents moving to Wentzville and increase in sales tax.

Expenditures were originally budgeted to increase \$2,191,628 or 13.02% over 2016 actual, the actual increase in expenditures was \$891,679 or 5.30% more than the 2016 actual.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of December 31, 2015, the City had \$203,374,560 invested in capital assets, net of depreciation, including police equipment, building, park facilities, water lines and sewer lines. At the end of December 31, 2016 the amount had risen to \$211,300,757, an increase of \$7,926,197 or 3.90%. By the end of 2017, the amount increased to \$225,923,301.

Government activities capital assets increased by \$12,442,194 business activities increased by \$2,180,350.

See Note 3 to the financial statements for more detailed information on the City's capital assets and changes therein.

Primary Government Long-Term Debt

On November 1, 2016, the City issued \$3,430,000 of Certificates of Participation, Series 2016 to refund \$4,000,000 of outstanding Leasehold Revenue Bonds, Series 2011, resulting in a net savings of \$249,573. The prior 2011 issuance, which refunded the 2005 Leasehold Revenue bonds, allowed the City to contrast a water tower and booster station.

See Note 4 to the financial statements for more detailed information on the City's long-term debt and changes therein.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The 2017 budget includes expenditures of \$80,902,721 and revenues of \$78,864,377. Consistent with the plan outlined in the Capital Improvement Plan, the 2018 budget calls for specific drawdowns on fund balance reserves to fund one-time major capital projects. Other major items in 2018 include the revitalization of historic downtown as well as road projects including David Hoekel Parkway, Highway 61 Outer Road, Wentzville Parkway Turn Lane – Phase II, West Meyer Road Phase III, Wentzville Parkway South, and new 2-million gallon water tower and 1-million gallon well, and dollars for street replacements and sidewalks and waterline extensions and replacements.

The City of Wentzville continues to experience an increase in its sales tax revenue. This increase is expected to continue due to the number of new homes being constructed throughout the community. Having these new residents results in more localized spending, resulting in increased sales tax revenue. The last few years has witnessed a steady market demand for residential construction. Current projects are for approximately 700 new single-family residential homes to be constructed during 2018. With a population of 29,000 persons in 2010 and a current estimated population of almost 40,000, the City of Wentzville remains one of the fastest-growing Cities in the entire state of Missouri.

This aggressive residential growth has resulted in a heightened interest from the retail and service commercial sectors. During 2017, a total of over 40 new businesses opened in the City of Wentzville. These new businesses have resulted in over 600 brick-and-mortar businesses and 230 home-based businesses in the community.

Likewise, the industrial sector remains strong especially with the General Motors Wentzville Assembly Center serving as an anchor in the community and region. With almost 5,000 employees, the GM facility remains the largest employer in St. Charles County. The City of Wentzville remains pro-active in the area of automotive support and will solicit additional business through an extensive direct-mail campaign in 2018.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Director's Office at 1001 Schroeder Creek Blvd., Wentzville, MO 63385 or by phone (636) 639-2020.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Component Unit Wentzville Bluffs		
	Governmental	Primary Government Business-type		Community
	Activities	Activities	Total	Improvement District
ASSETS				-
Cash and investments	\$ 28,959,440	\$ 21,532,896	\$ 50,492,336	\$ 6,004
Taxes receivable:				
Property, net	3,017,969	-	3,017,969	-
Other	4,577,829	-	4,577,829	2,751
Accounts receivable, net	73,954	1,161,819	1,235,773	315,950
Accrued interest receivable	50,391	20,383	70,774	-
Inventory	230,134	487,614	717,748	-
Prepaid items	339,924	67,639	407,563	-
Restricted assets:				
Cash and investments	2,892,549	1,609,571	4,502,120	66,778
Net pension asset	621,430	154,460	775,890	
Capital assets - net				
Nondepreciable	22,271,438	2,248,157	24,519,595	-
Depreciable	121,186,858	80,216,848	201,403,706	-
TOTAL ASSETS	184,221,916	107,499,387	291,721,303	391,483
DEFENDED OUTEL OWG				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	1 925 905	267.462	2.002.267	
Deferred outflow related to pension	1,825,805	267,462	2,093,267	-
Deferred charge on refunding of debt	605,913	212,943	818,856	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	2,431,718	480,405	2,912,123	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	1,353,450	786,208	2,139,658	3,325
Retainage payable	598,894	11,657	610,551	
Due (to) from other funds	560,258	(560,258)	010,331	_
Accrued liabilities	1,057,038	69,691	1,126,729	_
Accrued interest payable	467,765	289,845	757,610	2,289,447
Developer deposits	1,195,379	207,043	1,195,379	2,207,447
Customer deposits	2,500	243,362	245,862	_
Unearned revenue	75,037	646,242	721,279	
Noncurrent liabilities:	75,057	040,242	121,219	-
Due in one year	2,697,663	2,510,129	5,207,792	
Due in more than one year	25,265,295	27,814,761	53,080,056	3,735,134
Due in more than one year -	23,203,293	27,814,701	33,080,030	3,733,134
Net OPEB obligation	144,841		144,841	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	33,418,120	31,811,637	65,229,757	6,027,906
TOTAL ENABLETTES	33,410,120	31,011,037	03,227,737	0,027,000
DEFERRED INFLOWS				
Deferred inflow related to pension	950	238	1,188	
NET POSITION				
	121 000 521	52 602 660	174 502 101	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	121,988,531	52,603,660	174,592,191	-
Parks	3,187,162	-	3,187,162	-
Transportation	10,218,701		10,218,701	-
Capital improvement	3,160,583	-	3,160,583	-
NID Projects	98,291	-	98,291	-
TIF Districts	142,149	-	142,149	-
Debt service	-	1,319,726	1,319,726	-
Unrestricted	14,439,147	22,244,531	36,683,678	(5,636,423)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 153,234,564	\$ 76,167,917	\$ 229,402,481	\$ (5,636,423)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Program Revenue			Revenue)	Primary Government					Component Unit	
Functions/Programs	Expenses		arges for ervice	Gran	rating its and ibutions	Capital Grants and Contributions	overnmental Activities	Busines Activ	- 1		Total	C	ntzville Bluffs community vement District
Governmental Activities													
General government	\$ 4,652,308	\$	66,825	\$	-	\$ -	\$ (4,585,483)	\$	-	\$	(4,585,483)	\$	-
Public safety	9,066,117		1,041,030		-	47,989	(7,977,098)		-		(7,977,098)		-
Community development and public works	16,799,986		1,259,363		-	9,483,430	(6,057,193)		-		(6,057,193)		-
Parks and recreation	5,000,246		1,945,271		-	119,533	(2,935,442)		-		(2,935,442)		-
Interest and fiscal charges	1,168,817		-		-	-	(1,168,817)		-		(1,168,817)		-
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	36,687,474		4,312,489		-	9,650,952	(22,724,033)		-		(22,724,033)		-
Business-type Activities													
Water	6,941,868	•	7,826,262		-	1,505,708	-	2,39	90,102		2,390,102		-
Wastewater	7,516,724	:	8,443,274		-	2,964,764	-	3,89	91,314		3,891,314		-
Trash	2,537,099		2,546,001		-	-	-		8,902		8,902		-
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITES	16,995,691	13	8,815,537		-	4,470,472	_	6,29	90,318		6,290,318		
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 53,683,165	\$ 23	3,128,026	\$	-	\$ 14,121,424	(22,724,033)	6,29	90,318		(16,433,715)		-
Component Unit													
Community Improvement District	\$ 330,960	\$		\$	_	\$ -	-		-		-		(330,960)
	General revenues												
	Taxes:												
	Sales						19,724,966		-		19,724,966		176,290
	Property						7,253,305		-		7,253,305		315,948
	Gross receipts						3,869,364		-		3,869,364		=
	Investment earn						239,301	18	87,412		426,713		236
	Other miscellan	eous rev	enue				191,179	1	16,086		207,265		-
	Gain on the disp	osal of	capital asse	ts			46,200		9,030		55,230		-
	Interfund Transfer		-				(1,300,582)	1,30	00,582		-		-
	TOTAL GE	NERAL	REVENU	ES AND	TRANSF	FERS	30,023,733		13,110		31,536,843		492,474
	CHANGE II	N NET	POSITION				7,299,700	7,80	03,428		15,103,128		161,514
	NET POSITION -	BEGIN	NNING OF	YEAR			 145,934,864	68,36	64,489		214,299,353		(5,797,937)
	NET POSITION -	END (OF YEAR				\$ 153,234,564	\$ 76,16	67,917	\$	229,402,481	\$	(5,636,423)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

	General Fund	Park Fund	Transportation Fund	Park Debt Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	Other Nonmajor Funds	Total
ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS							
Cash and investments	\$ 11,497,385	\$ 2,546,004	\$ 9,660,641	\$ -	\$ 3,348,885	\$ 97,221	\$27,150,136
Taxes receivable:							
Property, net	2,749,246	267,830	-	-	-	893	3,017,969
Other	2,207,960	687,683	816,581	-	723,517	142,088	4,577,829
Accounts receivable, net	744	2,039	-	-	-	-	2,783
Accrued interest receivable	21,564	3,384	10,573	-	7,632	5,505	48,658
Inventory	207,627	4,610	17,897	-	-	-	230,134
Prepaid items	220,317	34,755	20,343	-	63,259	1,250	339,924
Restricted assets:							
Cash and investments	277,696	-	-	2,028,683	-	586,170	2,892,549
Due from other funds	-	127,766	-	-	-	-	127,766
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 17,182,539	\$ 3,674,071	\$10,526,035	\$ 2,028,683	\$ 4,143,293	\$ 833,127	\$ 38,387,748
LIADII ITIEC							
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$ 601,132	\$ 56,452	\$ 190,783	\$ 1,073	\$ 500,542	\$ 269	\$ 1,350,251
Retainage payable	\$ 001,132	\$ 30,432 -	116,551	\$ 1,073 175	482,168	ş 209 -	598,894
Due to other funds	_	_	110,551	127,766	462,106	349,000	476,766
Accrued liabilities	486,186	352,920	_	127,700	_	547,000	839,106
Customer deposits	-400,100	2,500			_	_	2,500
Unearned revenue	_	75,037	_	_	_	_	75,037
Developer deposits	1,195,379	75,057	_	_	_	_	1,195,379
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,282,697	486,909	307,334	129.014	982,710	349,269	4,537,933
TO THE EMBERTIES	2,202,077	100,707	307,331	125,011	702,710	319,209	1,557,755
DEFERRED INFLOWS							
Unavailable revenue:							
Property taxes	219,375	20,956					240,331
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable:							
Prepaid items	220,317	34,755	20,343	_	63,259	1,250	339,924
Inventory	207,627	4,610	17,897	_	-	-,	230,134
Restricted for:	207,027	.,010	17,057				200,10
Parks	_	3,126,841	_	220,036	_	_	3,346,877
Transportation	_	-	10,180,461		_	-	10,180,461
Capital improvement	-	-	-	-	3,097,324	-	3,097,324
NID districts	-	-	-	-	-	98,291	98,291
TIF districts	-	-	-	-	-	142,149	142,149
Debt service	-	-	-	1,679,633	-	468,393	2,148,026
Assigned for:							
Purchase of supplies and services	117,973	-	-	-	-	-	117,973
Future capital projects	2,000,000	_	-	-	-	-	2,000,000
Unassigned	12,134,550	_	-	-	_	(226,225)	11,908,325
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	14,680,467	3,166,206	10,218,701	1,899,669	3,160,583	483,858	33,609,484
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 17,182,539	\$ 3,674,071	\$10,526,035	\$ 2,028,683	\$ 4,143,293	\$ 833,127	\$ 38,387,748

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE BALANCE SHEET AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balance per balance sheet	\$ 33,609,484
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	143,458,296
Revenues that are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are therefore deferred in the fund statements.	240,331
The net pension asset reported in governmental activities is not a financial resource and therefore is not reported in the funds.	621,430
The Internal Service Fund is used by the City to provide insurance to the individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in the governmental activities	
statement of net position.	1,449,819
Interest payable recorded in the statement of net position does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(467,765)
Certain items related to the pension plan are recorded as deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources in the statement of net position. They do not affect current financial resources and are therefore not reported in the fund statements.	1,824,855
Certain long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:	
Net other post employment benefit obligation	(144,841)
Accrued compensated absences	(922,098)
Deferred items on refunding	605,913
Outstanding debt, including premiums	 (27,040,860)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 153,234,564

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	General Fund	Park Fund	Transportation Fund	Park Debt Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	Other Nonmajor Funds	Total
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 17,554,635	\$ 4,580,528	\$ 4,611,429	\$ -	\$ 4,042,851	\$ 143,625	\$ 30,933,068
Intergovernmental	541,491	14,617	2,627,594	104,916	-	-	3,288,618
Licenses and permits	1,326,188	-	-	-	-	-	1,326,188
Fines and forfeitures	680,732	-	-	-	-	-	680,732
Charges for service	360,298	1,945,271	-	-	-	-	2,305,569
Investment income	48,786	536	86,101	2,358	78,465	5,617	221,863
Miscellaneous	46,736	26,391	25,000	-	-	93,052	191,179
TOTAL REVENUES	20,558,866	6,567,343	7,350,124	107,274	4,121,316	242,294	38,947,217
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	3,917,114	-	188,816	-	263,430	407	4,369,767
Police department	8,037,108	-	-	-	-	-	8,037,108
Community development							
and public works	5,628,266	-	4,705,859	-	-	-	10,334,125
Parks and recreation	-	3,781,779	-	3,620	-	-	3,785,399
Capital outlay	24,455	565,698	2,377,391	55,611	12,466,799	-	15,489,954
Debt service:							
Principal, interest and fiscal charges		447,340		1,655,644		1,063,129	3,166,113
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	17,606,943	4,794,817	7,272,066	1,714,875	12,730,229	1,063,536	45,182,466
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	2,951,923	1,772,526	78,058	(1,607,601)	(8,608,913)	(821,242)	(6,235,249)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Sale of capital assets	31,634	7,015	10,228	-	-	-	48,877
Transfer in (out)	(904,616)	(1,498,743)	(70,929)	1,498,743	15,479	728,888	(231,178)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(872,982)	(1,491,728)	(60,701)	1,498,743	15,479	728,888	(182,301)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	2,078,941	280,798	17,357	(108,858)	(8,593,434)	(92,354)	(6,417,550)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR,	12,601,526	2,885,408	10,201,344	2,008,527	11,754,017	576,212	40,027,034
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 14,680,467	\$ 3,166,206	\$ 10,218,701	\$ 1,899,669	\$ 3,160,583	\$ 483,858	\$ 33,609,484

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Change in fund balance-total governmental funds	\$	(6,417,550)
The acquisition of capital assets requires the use of current financial resources but has no effect on net position.		14,845,591
Capital assets contributed to the City are recorded at their fair value in the statement of activities, but are not reported in the fund statements.		6,362,334
The cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and is reported as depreciation expense in the statement of activities.		(7,828,303)
In the statement of activities, only the gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds financial resources received are reflected as revenue. As a result, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of the disposed or transferred capital assets.		(937,428)
		(937,426)
Revenues in the statements of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.		(85,433)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		1,962,587
Some expenditures in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:		
Decrease in accrued interest payable		71,732
Decrease in accrued compensated absences		(49,587)
Increase in other post-employment benefits liability Change in net pension asset/liability and related deferred outflows		(24,235) (559,953)
		(337,733)
The amortization of deferred refunding charges on bonds payable does not affect current financial resources to governmental funds but is amortized over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities.		(78,363)
The amortization of bond premiums and discounts decrease the long-term liabilities in the statement of net position but do not provide current financial resources to the funds.		41,340
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the Internal Service Fund is reported with governmental activities in the statement of activities.		(3,032)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	7,299,700
change in her position of go vermional activation	Ψ	.,2,,,,,,

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2017

			Nonmajor		Governmental Activities
	Water	Wastewater	Trash		Internal Service
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total	Fund
ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,355,601	\$ 2,509,224	\$ 35,421	\$ 5,900,246	\$ 740,592
Investments	9,767,575	5,752,582	112,493	15,632,650	1,068,712
Accounts receivable, net	387,766	525,654	248,399	1,161,819	71,171
Accrued interest	13,985	6,137	261	20,383	1,733
Inventory	472,398	15,216	201	487,614	-
Prepaid items	23,990	40,180	3,469	67,639	_
Due from other funds		349,000	-	349,000	_
Restricted cash	40,825	1,118,538	-	1,159,363	-
Restricted investments	-	450,208	-	450,208	-
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	14,062,140	10,766,739	400,043	25,228,922	1,882,208
NONCURRENT ASSETS					
Net pension asset	77,230	77,230	-	154,460	-
Capital assets:					
Land and construction in progress	1,176,718	1,071,439	-	2,248,157	-
Other capital assets, net of accumulated					
depreciation	24,771,834	55,445,014	-	80,216,848	-
Total capital assets, net of accumulated					
depreciation	26,025,782	56,593,683		82,619,465	
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	26,025,782	56,593,683		82,619,465	
TOTAL ASSETS	40,087,922	67,360,422	400,043	107,848,387	1,882,208
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS					
Deferred outflow related to pension	133,731	133,731	_	267,462	_
Deferred charge on refunding	182,433	30,510	-	212,943	-
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	316,164	164,241	-	480,405	
LIABILITIES					
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	404,914	123,140	258,154	786,208	3,199
Retainage payable	11,657	-	-	11,657	-
Accrued liabilities	32,755	34,215	2,721	69,691	217,932
Accrued interest payable	40,825	249,020	-	289,845	-
Unearned revenue	231,112	415,130	-	646,242	-
Compensated absences - current	33,479	40,447	3,203	77,129	-
Customer deposits	243,362	-	-	243,362	-
Bonds and COP's payable - current	400,000	2,033,000		2,433,000	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABLILITIES	1,398,104	2,894,952	264,078	4,557,134	221,131
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES					
Compensated absences	-	19,013	-	19,013	-
Bonds and COP's payable, net of current portion	2,761,822	25,033,926		27,795,748	
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABLILITIES	2,761,822	25,052,939		27,814,761	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,159,926	27,947,891	264,078	32,371,895	221,131
DEFERRED INFLOW					
Deferred inflow related to pension	119	119		238	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	23,046,393	29,557,267	_	52,603,660	_
Restricted for debt service	-	1,319,726	-	1,319,726	-
Unrestricted	13,197,648	8,699,660	135,965	22,033,273	1,661,077
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 36,244,041	\$ 39,576,653	\$ 135,965	75,956,659	\$ 1,661,077
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of the Internal Service					
Fund's activities related to Proprietary Funds				211,258	
Net position of business-type activities				\$ 76,167,917	
rece position of business-type activities				ψ /0,10/,71/	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Water Fund	Wastewate Fund	er	Nonmajor Trash Fund	Total	Activities ernal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUE							
Charges for services	\$	7,812,084	\$ 8,443,2	74	\$ 2,546,001	\$ 18,801,359	\$ 2,871,078
Licenses and permits		14,178		-	-	14,178	-
Miscellaneous		11,604	4,4			16,086	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE		7,837,866	8,447,7	56	2,546,001	18,831,623	 2,871,078
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Personnel services		1,141,131	1,144,0	68	81,304	2,366,503	_
Contractual services		41,126	181,5	63	2,400,834	2,623,523	2,433,697
Depreciation		1,275,978	3,362,3		_	4,638,334	-
Repairs and maintenance		386,654	474,6		_	861,332	_
Operating supplies		414,589	127,5		11,104	553,243	_
Other services and charges		3,591,004	1,154,6		43,773	4,789,464	460,644
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		6,850,482	6,444,9		2,537,015	15,832,399	2,894,341
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	-	987,384	2,002,8	54	8,986	2,999,224	 (23,263)
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)							
Investment income		111,888	74,3	11	1,213	187,412	17,438
Interest and fiscal charges		(90,018)	(1,070,4		-	(1,160,499)	-
Gain (loss) on the disposal of assets		3,841	5,1		_	9,030	-
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)		25,711	(990,9		1,213	(964,057)	17,438
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS AND CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		1,013,095	1,011,8	73	10,199	2,035,167	(5,825)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		1,970,063	3,569,8	13	-	5,539,876	-
TRANSFERS IN (OUT)			231,1	78		231,178	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		2,983,158	4,812,8	64	10,199	7,806,221	(5,825)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR		33,260,883	34,763,7	89	125,766		 1,666,902
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	36,244,041	\$ 39,576,6	53	\$ 135,965		\$ 1,661,077
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of the Internal Service Fund's activities related to Proprietary Funds						(2,793)	
Change in net assets of business-type activities						\$ 7,803,428	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers \$ 7,807,110 \$ 8,354,620 \$ 2,520,056 \$ 18,681,786 \$ - Receipts from interfund services provided - - - - 2,871,078 Cash paid to suppliers (4,475,760) (1,941,498) (2,446,700) (8,863,958) (2,858,491) Cash paid to employees (1,135,877) (1,097,843) (81,138) (2,314,858) - Other revenue 11,604 4,482 - 16,086 - NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY 2,207,077 5,319,761 (7,782) 7,519,056 12,587		 Water Fund	Wastewater Fund	Nonmajor Trash Fund	Total	A	vernmental Activities rnal Service Fund
Receipts from interfund services provided - - - - 2,871,078 Cash paid to suppliers (4,475,760) (1,941,498) (2,446,700) (8,863,958) (2,858,491) Cash paid to employees (1,135,877) (1,097,843) (81,138) (2,314,858) - Other revenue 11,604 4,482 - 16,086 - NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY 0PERATING ACTIVITIES 2,207,077 5,319,761 (7,782) 7,519,056 12,587							
Cash paid to suppliers (4,475,760) (1,941,498) (2,446,700) (8,863,958) (2,858,491) Cash paid to employees (1,135,877) (1,097,843) (81,138) (2,314,858) - Other revenue 11,604 4,482 - 16,086 - NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES 2,207,077 5,319,761 (7,782) 7,519,056 12,587		\$ 7,807,110	\$ 8,354,620	\$ 2,520,056	\$ 18,681,786	\$	-
Cash paid to employees (1,135,877) (1,097,843) (81,138) (2,314,858) - Other revenue 11,604 4,482 - 16,086 - NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES 2,207,077 5,319,761 (7,782) 7,519,056 12,587	1	- (4.475.760)	- (1.041.400)	(2.446.700)	(0.062.050)		
Other revenue 11,604 4,482 - 16,086 - NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES 2,207,077 5,319,761 (7,782) 7,519,056 12,587	1 11	,				((2,858,491)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY 2,207,077 5,319,761 (7,782) 7,519,056 12,587	1 1 7						-
OPERATING ACTIVITIES 2,207,077 5,319,761 (7,782) 7,519,056 12,587		 11,604	4,482		10,080		
	` ,	2,207,077	5,319,761	(7,782)	7,519,056		12,587
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfer from other funds - 231,178 - 231,178 -		_	231.178	_	231.178		-
NET CASH PROVIDED BY		 					
NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES - 231,178 - 231,178 -	NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	 	231,178		231,178		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Net change in due to/from other funds - 69,800 - 69,800 -	Net change in due to/from other funds	-	69,800	-	69,800		-
Acquisition of capital assets (577,725) (699,623) - (1,277,348) -	*	(577,725)		-			-
Proceeds from sale of assets 3,841 5,189 - 9,030 -		3,841	5,189	-	9,030		-
Proceeds from the issuance of debt		-	-		-		
Principal repayments (420,000) (2,285,000) - (2,705,000) -	1 1 2	. , ,		-			-
Interest and fiscal charges (60,495) (1,101,282) - (1,161,777) -	•	 (60,495)	(1,101,282)		(1,161,777)		
NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND							
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (1,054,379) (4,010,916) - (5,065,295) -	RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	 (1,054,379)	(4,010,916)		(5,065,295)		-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Investment income 112,564 80,436 1,218 194,218 17,415	Investment income	112,564	80,436	1,218	194,218		17,415
Purchase of investments (505,824) (3,340,661) - (3,846,485) -	Purchase of investments	(505,824)	(3,340,661)	-	(3,846,485)		-
Proceeds from the sale of investments 576,741 4,212,707 15,806 4,805,254 284,695	Proceeds from the sale of investments	 576,741	4,212,707	15,806	4,805,254		284,695
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY	, ,						
INVESTING ACTIVITIES 183,481 952,482 17,024 1,152,987 302,110	INVESTING ACTIVITIES	 183,481	952,482	17,024	1,152,987		302,110
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND	NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND						
CASH EQUIVALENTS 1,336,179 2,492,505 9,242 3,837,926 314,697	CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,336,179	2,492,505	9,242	3,837,926		314,697
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS -	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS -						
BEGINNING OF YEAR 2,060,247 1,135,257 26,179 3,221,683 425,895	BEGINNING OF YEAR	 2,060,247	1,135,257	26,179	3,221,683		425,895
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS -	•						
END OF YEAR \$ 3,396,426 \$ 3,627,762 \$ 35,421 \$ 7,059,609 \$ 740,592	END OF YEAR	\$ 3,396,426	\$ 3,627,762	\$ 35,421	\$ 7,059,609	\$	740,592
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents:	Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents:						
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 3,355,601 \$ 2,509,224 \$ 35,421 \$ 5,900,246 \$ 740,592		\$ 3,355,601	\$ 2,509,224	\$ 35,421	\$ 5,900,246	\$	740,592
Restricted cash 40,825 1,118,538 - 1,159,363 -	Restricted cash	 40,825	1,118,538		1,159,363		
Total cash and cash equivalents \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,396,426	\$ 3,627,762	\$ 35,421	\$ 7,059,609	\$	740,592

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	Water Fund	Wastewater Fund		N	onmajor Trash Fund		Total	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund		
	 Tuliu		Tulid		Tullu	1 Otal			Tuliu	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 987,384	\$	2,002,854	\$	8,986	\$	2,999,224	\$	(23,263)	
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET										
CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING										
ACTIVITIES										
Depreciation	1,275,978		3,362,356		_		4,638,334		-	
(Increase) decrease in assets:										
Accounts receivable	(21,167)		(66,754)		(25,945)		(113,866)		(25,924)	
Prepaid items	(2,223)		5,345		1		3,123		-	
Inventory	(136,619)		347		-		(136,272)		-	
Pension related items	38,402		38,402		-		76,804		-	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:										
Accounts payable	96,455		(8,712)		9,010		96,753		1,200	
Accrued expenses	-		-		-		-		60,574	
Accrued wages and related items	(33,148)		7,823		166		(25,159)		-	
Customer deposit	11,415		-		-		11,415		-	
Unearned revenue	(9,400)		(21,900)		-		(31,300)		-	
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS	1,219,693		3,316,907		(16,768)		4,519,832		35,850	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY										
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 2,207,077	\$	5,319,761	\$	(7,782)	\$	7,519,056	\$	12,587	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES										
Contributed capital assets	\$ 1,970,063	\$	3,569,813	\$	-	\$	5,539,876	\$	-	

CITY OF WENTZVILLE, MISSOURI

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Wentzville, Missouri (the City) was incorporated on March 5, 1872. The City's major operations include public safety (police), highways and streets, culture and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. The City, with a population of approximately 37,000, is located in St. Charles County and covers 19.98 square miles.

The City of Wentzville has established a Council-Administrator form of government as set forth in Chapter 77 of the Revised Statues of Missouri. The Mayor is elected at-large for a four-year term. The Board of Aldermen is comprised of six members, two from each of the three wards. Board members serve staggered two-year terms and are responsible for determining policy, enacting ordinances, and authorizing expenditures. The City Administrator, appointed by the Board of Aldermen, provides professional leadership in carrying out the policies and objectives formulated by the Board of Aldermen.

The accounting and reporting policies of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The more significant accounting and reporting policies and practices employed by the City are as follows:

A. **REPORTING ENTITY**

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the basic financial statements present the City (the primary government) and its component units. The City is the primary government unit. Component units are those entities which are financially accountable to the primary government, either because the City appoints a voting majority of the component unit's governing body or because the component unit will provide a financial benefit or impose a financial burden on the City.

Wentzville Bluffs Community Improvement District (CID) - The CID was incorporated in 2006. Three of the five directors of the CID are appointed by the City and the directors have the ability to impose the City's will. The CID is organized to develop certain public infrastructure improvements. The CID is a component unit of the City and is discretely presented as such in the financial statements.

A separately issued financial report is available for the Wentzville Bluffs Community Improvement District. This report may be obtained by contacting the administrator of the community improvement district, Development Dynamics, 1001 Boardwalk Springs Place, Suite 50, O'Fallon, Missouri 63366 or by calling 636-561-8602.

A. **REPORTING ENTITY** - continued

Wentzville Economic Development Council (WEDC) - The WEDC was formed in 1994 as a Missouri not-for-profit corporation for the purpose of facilitating the acquisition and construction of certain capital improvements and facilities solely for the benefit of the City. The WEDC is legally separate from the City; however, its governing body is substantively the same as the City's. Consequently, it is, in substance, the same as the primary government. As such, the balances and transactions of this component unit are blended into the accompanying financial statements and reported in a capital projects fund in a manner similar to the balances and transactions of the City itself. Separate financial statements for the WEDC may be obtained from the City's Finance Director at the City's administrative office.

B. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's funds).

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government wide financial statements (i.e., Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information about the City as a whole. Governmental activities, which are generally supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Eliminations of interfund charges and balances have been made in these statements to minimize the double-counting of internal activities.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program of the governmental activities. Direct expenses are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

The City's net position is reported in three components - net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The government-wide focus is on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net position resulting from the current year's activities. The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government.

B. **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** - continued

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the City. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

The major governmental funds of the City are described below:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Park Fund - This special revenue fund is used to account for taxes and park programs revenue and for the activities related to the parks department.

Transportation Fund - This special revenue fund is used to account for the special revenues received from transportation taxes.

Park Debt Fund - This debt service fund is used to account for debt proceeds and related capital projects.

Capital Improvement Fund - This fund is used to account for the special revenues received from capital improvement taxes.

Water Fund - This enterprise fund is used to account for the operations of the City's water department.

Wastewater Fund - This enterprise fund is used to account for the operations of the City's wastewater department.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund type:

Internal Service Fund - This fund is used to account for services provided to other departments of the City by the Self-Insurance Fund. Charges for services are allocated to various City departments on a cost recovery basis.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - continued

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the City are included on the statement of net position. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the budget year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Fund Financial Statements - Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenue in the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

Deposits and Investments

The City considers all highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. State statute RSMo 30.260 authorizes the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, federal agencies, commercial paper, corporate bonds, and repurchase agreements. Investments are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices.

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE - continued

The City pools temporarily idle cash from all funds for investments purposes. Each fund's portion of the pool is shown on the Statement of Net Position as cash and cash equivalents and investments. Deposits during the year included cash in interest bearing and demand bank accounts, money market funds, and repurchase agreements. Interest is allocated to each fund based on the respective invested balance on a monthly basis.

Receivables

Property tax receivable - The City's property taxes are levied each October based on the assessed valuation for all real property located in the City as of the previous January 1. Taxes are due upon receipt of billing and become delinquent after December 31. Liens are placed on property for delinquent taxes on January 1 following the due date.

The St. Charles County Assessor establishes assessed values and the County tax collector makes collections. The assessed value at January 1, 2017 upon which the 2017 levy was based for real estate, personal property, and railroads and utilities taxes was \$868,304,587. The City's tax rate was levied at \$0.6463 per \$100 of assessed valuation for general government services and \$0.0632 per \$100 of assessed valuation for parks and recreation.

Special assessment receivable - Special assessments receivable represents the residents' portions of improvements related to the Neighborhood Improvement District which have been completed and billed. The City's portion of such improvements is expended as incurred.

Allowance for uncollectible receivables

The allowance for uncollectible receivables is as follows as of December 31, 2017:

	_	Governmental activities	 Business-type activities
General Fund Park Fund	\$	107,228 10,036	\$ -
Water Fund		-	10,000
Wastewater Fund Trash Fund	, -	- 	 3,181 3,000
Total	\$ _	117,264	\$ 16,181

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE - continued

Inventories - Inventory in the governmental and proprietary funds are valued at cost (firstin, first-out) and the expense is recognized when inventory items are consumed in operations. Inventories are equally offset by a fund balance amount which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

Prepaid items - Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the fiscal year-end are recorded as prepaid items. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures or expenses when consumed rather than when purchased. Prepaid items are equally offset by a fund balance amount which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

Capital assets - Balances include property, equipment, and infrastructure assets (i.e. roads, bridges, sidewalks, etc.) and are reported in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. In the governmental fund statements, capital assets are charged to capital outlay expenditures as purchased. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, works of art and service concession agreements are recorded at acquisition value.

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of \$5,000 or more and a useful life in excess of one year. Additions or improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset or that significantly increase the capacity of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance which do not add value to the asset or materially extend the asset's useful lives are expensed as incurred. Assets which have been acquired with funds received through grants must be used in accordance with the terms of the grant.

Depreciation on exhaustible assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position, and is computed on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Major Group	Life					
Buildings and improvements	10-30 years					
Equipment	3-10 years					
Infrastructure	30-40 years					

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE - continued

Compensated absences - City employees earn vacation at varying rates based upon their length of service. The City's policies allow up to 240 hours of vacation leave to be carried over into the next year for full-time employees. Regular full-time employees who are separated from service are compensated for vacation accrued up to the date of separation. All vacation pay is accrued when earned in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

City employees earn sick leave at varying rates based upon their length of service and is available only to provide compensation during periods of illness. No portion of sick leave is payable to the employee upon termination but is payable upon retirement or death. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. Compensated absences are generally liquidated by the funds in which they originate.

Long-Term Obligations - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Debt issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund balance - As prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, governmental funds report fund balance classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent.

In the governmental funds, equity is shown as fund balance and classified into five components:

Nonspendable - Assets that are not in spendable form.

Restricted - Amounts with externally imposed constraints, such as those mandated by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations. Such constraint is binding unless modified or rescinded by the applicable external body, laws or regulations.

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE - continued

Fund balance - continued

Committed - Amounts with a purpose formally imposed by formal action (ordinance) of the Board of Aldermen; the highest level of decision making authority; binding unless modified or rescinded by the Board of Aldermen.

Assigned - Amounts intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Aldermen or a City official delegated that authority. The Board of Alderman has not authorized by resolution any other City official the ability to assign fund balance. Encumbrances shall be considered assigned unless they specifically meet the requirements to be restricted or committed.

Unassigned - This consists of the governmental fund balances that do not meet the definition of "nonspendable," "restricted," "committed," or "assigned." The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Unassigned balances also include negative balances in the governmental funds reporting resources restricted for specific programs.

The City applies restricted resources first to finance qualifying expenditures, when either restricted or unrestricted amounts are available. For unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts.

The fund balance of the City's General Fund has been accumulated to provide stability and flexibility to respond to unexpected adversity and/or opportunities. The target is to maintain a General Fund balance of not less than 25% of annual operating expenditures for the current fiscal year. Should the balance fall below the 25% threshold, the City will identify a plan to restore the fund balance to its targeted amount as part of the budget proposal.

Net position - Represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net positions are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Restricted resources are used first to fund appropriations.

Restricted assets - Certain General Fund monies are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited to refunding court bonds paid and protested taxes. Certain cash and investments of the Enterprise Funds and Government Funds are restricted for the repayment of the outstanding bonds, interest, and capital improvements in accordance with bond ordinances and the related trust indentures.

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE - continued

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Unearned Revenue - In addition to assets, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. In addition to liabilities, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City reports Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources as follows:

Unavailable Revenues - Unavailable revenue is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues relating to property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the City before it has a legal claim to them. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, revenue is recognized.

Gain/Loss on Refunding - In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, deferred outflows of resources on refunding represent the difference between the reacquisition price of a refunded bond and its net carrying amount, which is amortized and recognized as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the old refunded bonds or the new refunding bonds, whichever is shorter.

Pension Related Items - Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions represents the deferral of the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2017 as well as the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, changes in assumptions, and the difference between expected and actual plan experience.

Proprietary funds - Distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water Fund, Wastewater Fund, Trash Fund, and Internal Service Fund are charges to customers for sales and services.

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE - continued

The Water Fund and Wastewater Fund also recognize as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Capital Contributions - Represent government grants and other aid used to fund capital projects. Donations by developers are recognized as revenue in the Statement of Activities and proprietary funds when final subdivision plats are accepted by the City. Other capital contributions are recognized as revenue when the expenditure is made and the amounts become subject to claim for reimbursement

Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect: (1) the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, (2) disclosures such as contingencies, and (3) the reported amounts of revenues and expenses included in such financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Pensions - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS) and additions to/deductions from LAGERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LAGERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

Custodial Credit Risk - For deposits and investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the financial institution, the City will not be able to recover the value of its deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's bank deposits are required by state law to be secured by the deposit of certain securities specified at RSMo 30.270 with the City or trustee institution. The value of these securities must amount to 100% of the City's cash not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

At December 31, 2017, the City's deposits were covered by the FDIC or were fully collateralized by securities held by the City's agent in the City's name.

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. At December 31, 2017, the City's investments were exposed to custodial credit risk due to the investments being held in custody by the counterparty.

2. **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS** - continued

Credit Risk - According to the City's investment policy on credit risk, the City will minimize credit risk by pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors with which the City will do business. In addition, the City will diversify the portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized. Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will be unable to fulfill its obligations to the holder of the investment. This risk can be measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. As of December 31, 2017, as rated by Moody's Investment Service or Standard & Poor's, the City's investments in Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal Farm Credit Bank, and U.S. Treasuries are rated AA+.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investments in a single issuer. In accordance with its formal investment policy, the City minimizes concentration of credit risk by diversifying its investment portfolio.

At December 31, 2017, the City held \$11,877,567 (23%) and \$14,176,629 (28%) of its portfolio, in investments issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association and US Treasury, respectively.

Interest Rate Risk - As a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates, the City's investment policy follows state statutes which generally limit investments maturities to less than five years. Certain investments related to long-term debt bond reserve funds are held in investments which mature beyond 10 years as it is anticipated the funds will not be utilized until the debt matures. To minimize the risk of loss, the City matches investments to anticipated cash flows and diversifies the investment types to the extent practicable.

As of December 31, 2017, the City had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment maturities (in Years)										
	_	Fair Value	_	Less Than 1		1-5		> 10				
Repurchase agreement	\$	12,083,749	\$	12,083,749	\$	-	\$	-				
Certificates of deposit		21,866,410		11,916,099		9,950,311		-				
US Treasuries		14,176,629		7,941,827		6,234,802		-				
US government agencies		2,704,027		2,254,021		450,006						
Money market funds	_	61		61		-		-				
Total Investments	\$	50,830,876	\$	34,195,757	\$	16,635,119	\$					

2. **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS** - continued

Fair Value of Investments - The City measures and records its investments, other than money market accounts, using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1 input: Quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in an active market that an entity has the ability to access.
- Level 2 input: Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other than quoted prices that are observable.
- Level 3 input: Unobservable inputs based on the best information available in the circumstances, to the extent observable inputs are not available.

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs. If the fair value of an asset or liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

For the City, the following fair value techniques were utilized in measuring the fair value of its investments:

<u>U.S. Treasury Securities</u>: These investments are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices obtained from exchanges.

<u>Government-sponsored agencies</u>: U.S. Government Securities are reported at fair value using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

As of December 31, 2017, the City holds the following investments measured at fair value:

	Fair Value	Identical Assets Level One	Inputs Level Two	Inputs Level Three	
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 2,704,027	\$ 2,704,027	\$ -	\$	-
Government-sponsored agencies:					
FNMA	11,877,567	-	11,877,567		-
FHLM	852,380	-	852,380		-
FHLB	949,212		949,212		
FFCB	497,470		497,470		_
Total	\$16,880,656	\$ 2,704,027	\$14,176,629	\$	_

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2017 was as follows:

		Balance January 1,		T		Б.		T. C	Balance December 31,
	_	2017	_	Increase	-	Decrease	_	Transfers	2017
Government activities:									
Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	17,494,255	\$	63,555	\$		\$	- 9	5 17,557,810
Construction in progress	Ф	11,872,555	φ	13,215,584	Ф	(20,374,511)	Φ	- 4	4,713,628
Total capital assets,	-	11,672,333	-	13,213,364	-	(20,374,311)	_	-	4,713,026
not being depreciated		29,366,810		13,279,139		(20,374,511)			22,271,438
not being depreciated	-	29,300,610	-	13,279,139	-	(20,374,311)	_		22,271,436
Capital assets, being									
depreciated:									
Buildings and improvements		20,004,342		12,156,206		(132,720)		_	32,027,828
Equipment		12,250,075		4,166,431		(441,414)		(146,669)	15,828,423
Infrastructure		129,837,929		11,049,141		-		-	140,887,070
Total capital assets,	-	, , ,	-		-	_	_		
being depreciated		162,092,346		27,371,778		(574,134)		(146,669)	188,743,321
	_		_		_	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Less accumulated									
depreciation for:									
Building		(8,315,982)		(779,286)		132,719		-	(8,962,549)
Equipment		(8,159,206)		(1,168,941)		438,738		143,436	(8,745,973)
Infrastructure	_	(43,967,866)	_	(5,880,075)	_	_			(49,847,941)
Total accumulated									
depreciation	_	(60,443,054)	_	(7,828,302)	_	571,457	_	143,436	(67,556,463)
Total capital assets,									
being depreciated, net	_	101,649,292	_	19,543,475	_	(2,677)		(3,232)	121,186,858
Governmental activities	Φ.	101 01 6 16 5	Φ.	22.022.41	Φ.	(00.000.100)	Φ.	(2.222)	1.10.150.005
capital assets, net	\$_	131,016,102	\$_	32,822,614	\$	(20,377,188)	\$ _	(3,232)	3 143,458,296

3. **CAPITAL ASSETS** - continued

	Balance January 1, 2017	Increase	Decrease	Transfers	Balance December 31, 2017
Business-type activities:					
Capital assets, not being					
depreciated:					
	\$ 1,638,445 \$			\$ - \$, ,
Construction in progress	128,582	1,077,793	(596,663)		609,712
Total capital assets,					
not being depreciated	1,767,027	1,077,793	(596,663)		2,248,157
Comital assets being					
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	38,544,711				38,544,711
Equipment	3,711,036	239,616	(290,487)	3,232	3,663,397
Infrastructure	79,510,402	6,094,706	, , ,	3,232	85,504,976
	79,310,402	0,094,700	(100,132)	-	83,304,970
Total capital assets,	101.766.140	(224 222	(200, (10)	2 222	127 712 004
being depreciated	121,766,149	6,334,322	(390,619)	3,232	127,713,084
Less accumulated					
depreciation for:					
Building	(9,447,401)	(1,276,480)	_	_	(10,723,881)
Equipment	(2,347,402)	(363,630)	290,487	_	(2,420,545)
Infrastructure	(31,453,718)	(2,998,224)	100,132	_	(34,351,810)
Total accumulated					
depreciation	(43,248,521)	(4,638,334)	390,619	_	(47,496,236)
		(, , -)			(1 , 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Total capital assets,					
being depreciated, net	78,517,628	1,695,988		3,232	80,216,848
					
Business-type activities	ф 00. 0 04.655 ф	0.772.701	(506.662)	ф 2.020 ф	00 465 005
capital assets, net	\$ 80,284,655 \$	2,773,781 \$	(596,663)	\$ 3,232 \$	82,465,005

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government for the year ended December 31, 2017 as follows:

\$ 178,698
525,282
6,027,677
 1,096,645
\$ 7,828,302
\$ 3,362,356
 1,275,978
\$ 4,638,334
\$ <u></u>

4. **LONG-TERM DEBT**

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2017 was as follows:

		Balance December 31, 2016		Additions		Reductions		Balance December 31, 2017		Due Within One Year
Governmental activities	-	2010	-	Additions		Reductions		2017		One rear
Leasehold revenue bonds	\$	687,970	\$	_	\$	72,000	\$	615,970	\$	74,000
(Discount) premium	Ψ	555,100	4	_	Ψ	41,340	Ψ	513,760	4	- 1,000
Certificates of participation		22,840,000		_		1,450,000		21,390,000		1,815,000
Tax increment revenue notes		1,002,000		_		-		1,002,000		-
Neighborhood improvements		, ,						, ,		
district bonds		225,000		_		155,000		70,000		70,000
2005A and 2005B		,				,		,		,
notes payable		3,734,717		-		285,587		3,449,130		_
Compensated absences		872,511		793,144		743,557		922,098		738,663
OPEB obligation		120,606		24,235		-		144,841		_
Total governmental	-						,		•	
activities	\$	30,037,904	\$	817,379	\$	2,747,484	\$	28,107,799	\$	2,697,663
	-						,		•	
Business-type activities										
Leasehold revenue bonds	\$	2,532,030	\$	_	\$	583,000	\$	1,949,030	\$	296,000
Sewer system revenue bonds		26,637,001		_		1,702,000		24,935,001		1,737,000
Certificates of participation		3,430,000		-		420,000		3,010,000		400,000
Premium		356,011		-		21,294		334,717		-
Compensated absences	_	119,500	_	89,357		112,715		96,142		77,129
Total business-type										
activities	\$_	33,074,542	\$_	89,357	\$	2,839,009	\$	30,324,890	\$	2,510,129
	-						•			_
Component unit										
CID notes payable	\$_	3,735,134	\$_	_	\$	-	\$	3,735,134	\$	_

The General Fund and certain special revenue funds have typically been used in prior years to liquidate the compensated absences and other post-employment benefit obligation liabilities.

WEDC - Leasehold Revenue Bonds

Funding of certain capital improvements and facilities has been provided through the issuance of Leasehold Revenue Bonds by the WEDC. The Leasehold Revenue Bonds do not constitute a legal debt of liability for the City, the State of Missouri, or any other political subdivision thereof and do not constitute indebtedness within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory debt limitation or restriction. The issuance of the leasehold revenue bonds does not obligate the City to levy any form of taxation or to make any appropriation for payment in any fiscal year. The WEDC has no taxing power.

WEDC - Leasehold Revenue Bonds - continued

Leasehold Revenue Bonds outstanding at December 31, 2017 are as follows:

						Outstanding
	Date	Interest		Original	Maturity	December 31,
	Issued	Rates		Amount	Date	 2017
Series 2008	02/26/08	3.83%	- \$	5,630,000	7/01/22	\$ 2,565,000

The annual debt service requirements to maturity on the Leasehold Revenue Bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2017 are as follows:

For the Year ending December 31		Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2018	\$	370,000	\$	98,240	\$	468,240
2019		385,000		84,068		469,068
2020		400,000		69,323		469,323
2021		415,000		54,003		469,003
2022	_	995,000	_	38,108	_	1,033,108
TOTAL	\$	2,565,000	\$	343,742	\$	2,908,742

On February 26, 2008, the WEDC issued \$5,630,000 of Leasehold Revenue Bonds, Series 2008. The proceeds used to advance refund \$5,625,000 of outstanding 2002 Leasehold Revenue Bonds which were used to construct a lift station and sewer main and basin for stormwater control. Payment of principal is for varying amounts each year through 2022. Interest is due semi-annually with an interest rate of 3.83%.

Although the City may pay for the principal and interest on the bonds with money from any fund legally available for such purpose, the City intends to annually appropriate and pay for the bonds from revenue from the City's waterworks system.

Certificates of Participation

Certificates of Participation outstanding at December 31, 2017 are as follows:

	Date Issued	Interest Rates	Original Amount	Maturity Date	-	Outstanding December 31, 2017
Series 2015B	11/01/15	2.00%	\$ 4,630,000	02/01/21	\$	3,715,000
Series 2010B	12/15/10	6.75%	3,710,000	08/01/32		3,710,000
Series 2015	07/01/15	2.00-4.00%	15,675,000	08/01/30		13,965,000
Series 2016	11/01/16	2.00-3.00%	3,430,000	07/11/24		3,010,000
			\$ 27,445,000		\$	24,400,000

The annual debt service requirements to maturity on the Certificates of Participation outstanding as of December 31, 2017 are as follows:

	For the Year ending				
_	December 31	 Principal	_	Interest	 Total
	2018	\$ 2,215,000	\$	798,652	\$ 3,013,652
	2019	2,260,000		745,403	3,005,403
	2020	2,325,000		677,653	3,002,653
	2021	2,305,000		608,753	2,913,753
	2022	1,470,000		547,403	2,017,403
	2023 - 2027	6,720,000		1,936,715	8,656,715
	2028 - 2032	7,105,000		793,796	7,898,796
	TOTAL	\$ 24,400,000	\$	6,108,375	\$ 30,508,375

On November 1, 2016, the City issued \$3,430,000 of Certificates of Participation, Series 2016. The proceeds, along with other funds from the City, were used for a current refunding of \$4,000,000 of outstanding Series 2011 Leasehold Revenue Bonds. Payment of the principal is for varying amounts due each year on July 1st through July 2025. Interest is due semi-annually with interest rates that vary from 2-3%.

On November 1, 2015, the City issued \$4,630,000 of Certificates of Participation, Series 2015B. The proceeds were used to refund \$4,720,000 of outstanding Series 2010A Certificates of Participation. Payment of the principal is for varying amounts due each year on February 1st through February 2021. Interest is due semi-annually with an interest rate of 2%.

On July 1, 2015, the City issued \$15,675,000 of Certificates of Participation, Series 2015. The proceeds were used to refund \$15,700,000 of outstanding Series 2011 Certificates of Participation. Payment of the principal is for varying amounts due each year on August 1st through August 2030. Interest is due semi-annually with interest rates that vary from 2.00 - 4.00%.

<u>Certificates of Participation</u> - continued

On December 15, 2010, the City issued \$3,710,000 of taxable Certificates of Participation, Series 2010B. The proceeds were used to acquire land and to construct improvements to parks. Payment of principal is for varying amounts through 2032. Interest is due semi-annually with an interest rate of 6.75%. The City has made an election to issue these certificates as Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds in order to receive a subsidy payment equal to 45% of the amount of each interest payment.

Neighborhood Improvement District Bonds

Neighborhood Improvement District Bonds outstanding at December 31, 2017 are as follows:

	Date issued	Interest Rate	Original Amount	Maturity Date	Outstanding December 31, 2017
Series 2006	04/01/06	3.72-3.92%	\$ 1,510,000	03/01/18	\$ 70,000

The annual debt service requirements to maturity on the Neighborhood Improvement District Bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2017 are as follows:

For the Year ending				
December 31	_	Principal	 Interest	Total
2018	\$	70,000	\$ 1,372	\$ 71,372

On April 1, 2006, the City issued \$1,510,000 of Neighborhood Improvement District Limited General Obligation Refunding Bonds (Bear Creek stormwater detention, sanitary sewer, and water improvement project) Series 2006. The bonds were issued for the purpose of refunding in advance the \$1,585,000 of outstanding Neighborhood Improvement District Bonds Series 2000. The bonds are indebtedness of the City and are to be paid from the special assessments that are assessed on the real property of the District. The bonds bear interest from 3.72% to 3.92% and are due March 1, 2018.

Sewerage System Revenue Bonds

Sewerage System Revenue Bonds outstanding at December 31, 2017 are as follows:

	Date issued	Interest Rate	Original Amount	Maturity Date	_	Outstanding December 31, 2017
Series 2005C Series 2011	11/30/05 03/14/11	3.23-5.25% 1.66%	\$ 19,430,000 20,631,000	07/01/27 07/01/31	\$	10,650,000 14,285,000
TOTAL			\$ 40,061,000		\$	24,935,000

The City voters approved a total of \$80 million of revenue bonds for wastewater treatment plant expansion. On November 30, 2005, the Missouri State Environmental Improvement and Energy Resources Authority (the Authority) authorized and issued Water Pollution Control Revenue Bonds (State Revolving Fund Programs) Series 2005C. The Series 2005C bonds provided funds to make loans to various Missouri Political subdivisions that will be used to finance water treatment projects.

A portion of the proceeds of the Series 2005C bonds issued by the Authority were used to purchase Participant Revenue Bonds (Participant Bonds) authorized and issued by the City in the aggregate principal amount of \$19,430,000, the proceeds of which will be used for construction, repairing and equipping the existing wastewater facilities. The City's Participant Bonds have interest rates ranging from 3.25% to 5.25% and are payable in semi-annual installments at varying amounts through 2027.

In connection with the City's issuance of the 2005C bonds, the City participates in the State Revolving Funds Program established by the Missouri Department of Natural Resources (DNR). Monies from federal capitalization grants and state matching funds are used to fund a reserve account for each participant. As the City incurs approved capital expenses, the DNR reimburses the City for the expenses from the bond proceeds account and deposits in a bond reserve fund in the City's name and additional 70% for the Series 2005C bonds. On the date of each payment of the principal amount of the City's Participant Bonds, the trustee transfers from this reserve account to the master trustee an amount equal to 70% for the Series 2005C bonds. The costs of operation and maintenance of the wastewater treatment and sewerage facilities and the debt service is payable from wastewater revenues.

On March 14, 2011, the City began participating in the State of Missouri Direct Loan Program of the Missouri Department of Natural Resources (DNR) and the Clean Water Commission of the State of Missouri to issue Sewerage Revenue Bonds - Direct Loan Program. The City authorized the issuance of bonds not to exceed \$20,631,000 with an interest rate of 1.66% due in various principal installments through 2032. The project was completed in October 2012 and the final draw was made in 2013. Total bonds issued were \$17,640,777.

Sewerage System Revenue Bonds - continued

The annual debt service requirements to maturity on the Sewerage System Revenue Bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2017 are as follows:

For the Year ending December 31	 Principal	 Interest	_	Total
2018	\$ 1,737,000	\$ 750,948	\$	2,487,948
2019	1,787,000	687,926		2,474,926
2020	1,835,000	622,989		2,457,989
2021	1,883,000	556,347		2,439,347
2022	1,930,000	493,172		2,423,172
2023 - 2027	10,364,000	1,466,422		11,830,422
2028 - 2032	5,399,000	251,324		5,650,324
	\$ 24,935,000	\$ 4,829,128	\$	29,764,128

Notes Payable

	Interest Rate	Principal Balance
In 2005, the City issued \$4,714,771 of Series 2005A and 2005B notes payable for land which are special, limited obligations of the City payable from a portion of the sales tax generated within certain development property. Future payments on the notes are limited to the collection of sales tax generated.	4.50%	\$ 3,449,130
In 2007, the City issued \$1,002,000 in tax increment revenue notes pursuant to an ordinance dated May 23, 2007. The notes are special obligations of the City, payable solely from payment in lieu of taxes and economic activity tax revenues generated in the redevelopment area. The notes mature in 2029. Future payments on the notes are limited to the collection of economic activity tax generated.	8.25% - 9.25%	1,002,000
In 2007, the CID issued \$3,735,134 in Community Improvement Revenue Notes with interest at prime plus 1.00% maturing March 2027. The notes are special obligations payable from certain revenues and are not a general obligation of the CID, City or any other political subdivision. Future payments on the notes are limited to the collection of revenue generated from the site.	Prime plus 1%	3,735,134
TOTAL	-	\$ 8,186,264

Pledged Revenues

The City has pledged specific revenue streams to secure the repayment of certain outstanding debt issues. The following table lists those revenues and the corresponding debt issues, the amount and term of the pledge remaining, the current fiscal year principal and interest on the debt, the amount of the pledged revenue recognized during the current fiscal year, and the approximate percentage of the revenue stream that has been committed:

Issues	Revenue Pledged	Term of Commitment	Percent of Revenue Pledged	Principal and Interest for 2017	Net Revenues Recognized in 2017
Governmental A	ctivities				
2005A and 2005B notes payable	Sales tax generated from sales on the development property	Until obligation is satisfied	100 %	\$ 447,340	\$ 447,340
Business-type Ac	tivities				
Sewerage System Revenue Bonds	Revenue from the City's waterworks system	Through 2032	100	2,490,474	5,439,522
Component Unit					
Community Improvement Revenue Notes	CID sales tax and CID property tax	Through 2027	100	406,934	176,290

Revenue Bond Ordinance Provisions and Reserve Requirements

Revenue bond ordinances related to the issuance of revenue bonds of the respective enterprise funds provide for specific deposits to debt service and other related bond reserve and maintenance accounts. At December 31, 2017, the City is in compliance with all reserve requirements as outlined below.

	_	Actual	 Required
Series 2008 LRB	\$	563,000	\$ 563,000
Series 2015 COP		1,301,000	1,269,273
Series 2010B COP		371,237	371,000
Series 2015B COP		471,732	463,000
TOTAL	\$	2,706,969	\$ 2,666,273

The sewerage system revenue bond ordinance requires net revenue not less than 110% coverage of the aggregate debt service for each fiscal year. As of December 31, 2017, the City is in compliance with the requirement.

Legal Debt Margin

The City is subject to state statutes, which limit the amount of bonded debt that the City may issue to 10% of the most recent assessed valuation. Currently, the City has a debt limit of \$86,830,459, leaving a debt margin of \$85,760,459.

Conduit Debt

The City issued Industrial Development Revenue Bonds to provide economic financial assistance to the private sector entity, General Motors Project and Wentzville Industrial, LLC, for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, and equipping an industrial development project deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the County, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying basic financial statements. At December 31, 2017, the principal amount payable for General Motors and Wentzville Industrial, LLC was approximately \$286,219,606 and \$45,000,000, respectively.

5. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

A summary of interfund balances as of December 31, 2017 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	_	Amount
Park Fund Wastewater fund	Park debt fund WEDC	\$	127,766 349,000
TOTAL		\$	476,766

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided of reimbursable expenditures occur; (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system; and (3) payments between funds are made.

6. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

A summary of interfund transfers by fund type for the year ended December 31, 2017 is as follows:

	Transfer From:										
							Capital				
		-	Transportation		Park		Improvement				
	General		Fund		Fund		Fund		Wastewater		Total
Transfer to:		_	_	-				_			
General Fund	\$ -	\$	70,929	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	70,929
Park Debt Fund	-		-		1,498,743		-		-		1,498,743
Capital											
Improvement Fund	975,545		-		-		-		-		975,545
Wastewater	-		-		-		300,978		-		300,978
Nonmajor-											
Governmental	-		-		-		659,088		69,800		728,888
TOTAL	\$ 975,545	\$	70,929	\$	1,498,743	\$	960,066	\$	69,800	\$	3,575,083

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that a statute or the budget requires to collect them to the fund that a statute or the budget requires to expend them; (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due; and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Any transfers within the governmental funds have been eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Activities.

7. **RISK MANAGEMENT**

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, loss and damage to property, errors and omissions and injuries to employees. The City currently purchases commercial insurance coverage for these risks. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

The City is self-insured for health claims. The Internal Service Fund, funded by charges to the government's other funds, is used to account for self-funded health insurance offered to the City's employees. Premiums are paid by employer and employee contributions into the Internal Service Fund and are available to pay claims and costs of an administrative service agreement. The rates charged to the City's funds are based primarily on an annually determined estimate varying based on coverage elected by employees. Claims for the City's employees are administered through a third party administrator for the City's self-insured plan. The City purchases commercial insurance to cover all health insurance claims in excess of \$75,000.

Incurred but not reported claims of \$217,932 have been accrued as a liability. In 2017, \$2,894,341 was paid for claims and administrative costs. The outstanding claims liability is calculated from historical data and future expectations. This includes an estimated liability for known claims as well as an estimated liability for claims incurred but not reported.

7. **RISK MANAGEMENT** - continued

The following is a summary of the changes in the unpaid claims liability:

December 31, 2015 liability balance	\$	80,607
Claims and changes in estimates		2,482,574
Claim payments	_	(2,405,934)
December 31, 2016 liability balance		157,247
Claims and changes in estimates		2,493,809
Claim payments	_	(2,433,124)
December 31, 2017 liability balance	\$	217,932

8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

Various legal actions and claims against the City are currently pending. The ultimate liability that might result from their resolution is not presently determinable; however, in the opinion of management and counsel, the probability of material aggregate liabilities resulting from these claims is remote.

Commitments

The City entered into an agreement with Public Water Supply District No. 2 of St. Charles County (Water District) as of September 26, 2007 for the purchase of a maximum of 20 million gallons of water daily. The contract is in effect until July 18, 2026 and will automatically renew for two ten-year terms unless terminated by either party.

Grant Programs

Resources received by the City from other governments are accounted for within applicable funds based on the purpose and requirements of each grant. Revenues are recognized on an accounting basis consistent with the fund's measurement objective.

Revenues related to expenditure-driven grants are recognized to the extent expenditures are incurred. Any excess or deficiency of grant revenues received compared to expenditures incurred is recorded as deferred revenue or amounts receivable from the grantor.

7. **COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES** - continued

Encumbrances

Encumbrances included in fund balances are as follows:

General Fund:	
Encumbered for expenditures	\$ 117,973
Park Fund	1,089,373
Park Debt Fund	286,473
Transportation Fund	1,897,363
Capital Improvement Fund	464,323
Water Fund	534,328
Wastewater Fund	590,494
TOTAL	\$ 4,980,327

8. **DEFICIT BALANCE**

The WEDC Fund had a deficit fund balance as of December 31, 2017 of \$226,225. This fund deficit resulted from expenditures to be funded with future revenues.

9. **PENSION PLAN**

Plan Description

The City's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City participates in the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS). LAGERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established in 1967 and administered in accordance with RSMo. 70.600-70.755. As such, it is LAGERS responsibility to administer the law in accordance with the expressed intent of the General Assembly. The plan is qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) and is tax exempt. The responsibility for the operations and administration of LAGERS is vested in the LAGERS Board of Trustees consisting of seven persons. LAGERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by accessing the LAGERS website at www.molagers.org.

Benefits Provided

LAGERS provides retirement, death, and disability benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the state statutes governing LAGERS. All benefits vest after 5 years of credited service. Employees who retire on or after age 60 (55 for police) with 5 or more years of service are entitled to an allowance for life based upon the benefit program information provided below. Employees may retire with an early retirement benefit with a minimum of 5 years of credited service and after attaining age 55 (50 for police) and receive a reduced allowance.

Benefit Program 1.50% for life Final Average Salary 5 years Member Contribution Rate 0%

Benefit terms provide for annual post retirement adjustments to each member's retirement allowance subsequent to the member's retirement date. The annual adjustment is based on the increase in the Consumer Price Index and is limited to 4% per year.

Employees Covered By Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2017, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	59
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	107
Active employees	206
TOTAL	372

Contributions - The employer is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by LAGERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance an unfunded accrued liability. Full-time employees of the employer do not contribute to the pension plan. Employer contribution rates are 8.7% (General) and 10.0% (Police) of annual covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability - The employer's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of February 28, 2017.

Actuarial assumptions - The total pension liability in the February 28, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.50% price; 3.25% wage

Salary Increase: 3.25% to 6.55% including inflation

Investment rate of return: 7.25%

The healthy retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, were the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, were the RP-2014 disabled mortality table for males and females. The pre-retirement mortality tables used were the RP-2014 employees' mortality table for males and females.

Both the post-retirement and pre-retirement tables were adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males was then established to be 2017. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the February 28, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period March 1, 2010 through February 28, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target	Long-Term Expected
	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Equity	43%	5.29%
Fixed Income	26	2.93
Real Assets	21	3.31
Strategic Asset	10	5.73

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability (Asset)
Balances as of June 30, 2016	\$ 26,147,914	\$ 25,813,226	\$	334,688
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	950,214	-		950,214
Interest	1,906,761	-		1,906,761
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	10,424	-		10,424
Contributions - employer	-	983,796		(983,796)
Net investment income	-	3,138,615		(3,138,615)
Changes of assumptions	-	-		-
Benefit payments	(640,303)	(640,303)		-
Administrative expense	-	(27,398)		27,398
Other (net transfer)		(117,034)	_	117,034
Net Changes	2,227,096	3,337,676	-	(1,110,580)
Balances as of June 30, 2017	\$ 28,375,010	\$ 29,150,902	\$	(775,892)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the Net Pension Liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the employer's Net Pension Liability would be using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate.

			Current	
	1%		Discount	1%
	 Decrease (6.25%)	<u> </u>	Rate (7.25%)	 Increase (8.25%)
Net pension liability (asset)	\$ 4,295,771	\$	(775,892)	\$ (4,854,416)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2017 the employer recognized pension expense of \$1,721,828. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflow of Resources		Deferred Inflow of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	215,511	\$	1,188	
Changes in assumptions		692,656		-	
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		548,696		-	
Net differences between projected and actual earning on pension plan investment Total	\$ <u>_</u>	636,404 2,093,267	\$	1,188	

The deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to measurement date of \$548,696 will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2018	\$ 598,971
2019	598,973
2020	327,616
2021	(73,987)
2022	56,573
Thereafter	35,238

10. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description - The City provides healthcare benefits to non-uniformed employees who are eligible to retire once they have attained the age of 55 plus 30 years of service or age 62 plus 5 years of service and police who are eligible to retire once they have attained the age of 50 plus 30 years of service or age 62 plus 5 years of service. Medical and prescription drug benefits are available to retirees in the City's self-insured pool. The City pays the monthly group health insurance premium for the individual. Retirees must contribute the COBRA premium to retain coverage.

10. **OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS** - continued

Funding Policy - GASB Statement 45 does not require funding of the OPEB liability and the City has chosen not to fund it. City policy dictates the payment of retiree claims as they become due. The liability for OPEB is fully liquidated by the General Fund.

Funded Status and Funding Progress - As of January 1, 2016, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the funded status of the plan was as follows:

Annual accrued liability (AAL)	\$	200,143
Actuarial value of plan assets		_
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$	200,143
Funded ratio (Actuarial value of plan assets/AAL) Covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees		0%
covered by the plan)	\$ 10	0,762,440
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		1.9%

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, will present multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation - The City's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation:

Normal cost	\$	18,962
Amortization of unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	-	10,211
Annual required contribution (ARC)		29,173
Interest on net OPEB obligation		3,618
Adjustment to ARC		(4,556)
Annual OPEB cost		28,235
Contributions		(4,000)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		24,235
Net OPEB obligation - December 31, 2016		120,606
Projected net OPEB obligation - December 31, 2017	\$	144,841

10. **OTHER POST-EMPLOYEMENT BENEFITS** - continued

The Plan was established by City Ordinance, which assigned the authority to establish and amend plan benefit provisions to the City. The contribution requirements of the City and plan members are established and may be amended by the City. These benefits are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

The City's annual OPEB cost, percentage of OPEB cost contributed, and net post-employment benefit obligation for the plan for the year ended December 31 is as follows:

Fiscal Year		Annual	Percentage	Net OPEB
Ended	_	OPEB Cost	Contributed	 Obligation
2017	\$	28,235	(14.2)%	\$ 144,841
2016		27,377	(4.5)	120,606
2015		22,658	44.1	91,984

The calculations are based on the OPEB benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing costs between the employee and plan members to that point. The actuarial valuation involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and the actuarially amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuations are as follows:

Valuation Method	Projected unit credit actuarial cost method
Latest valuation date	January 1, 2016
Discount rate	3.0% per annum
Amortization	30 years level dollar, open period
Payroll inflation	N/A
Mortality	SOA RPH-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total
	Dataset Headcount-weighted Mortality with
	MP-2016 Full Generational Improvement
Medical premium rates	7.50% initial rate; 5.0% alternate rate

11. TAX ABATEMENTS

As of December 31, 2017, the City provides tax abatements through two programs - the Chapter 353 Tax Abatement Program, Missouri Revised Statutes and the Industrial Development Financing under Chapter 100, Missouri Revised Statutes.

11. **TAX ABATEMENTS** - continued

Chapter 353 tax abatement is an incentive to encourage the redevelopment of blighted areas by providing real property tax abatement. These abatements are under the authority of Chapter 353 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri (the "Urban Redevelopment Corporation Law"). Under this program, real property taxes can be abated for a period up to 25 years. To be eligible for tax abatement, either the City or a private entity must form an Urban Redevelopment Corporation organized for the purpose of clearance, replanning, reconstruction, or rehabilitation of blighted areas. Tax abatement is only extended to real property that has been found to be a "blighted area" by the City. Under Chapter 353, the City may grant tax abatements up to 100% of annual property taxes for the first 10 years for the increased assessed value over the base land value. The property owners continue to pay property taxes during this period based on the assessed value of the land only (exclusive of improvements) during the year preceding the Urban Redevelopment Corporation obtaining title of the property. During the last 15 years of tax abatement, up to 50% of the newly reassessed value may be abated. The City may also require the redevelopment corporation to make Payments In Lieu Of Taxes (PILOTs). The length of time abatements are permitted and the amount of abatement allowed is outlined within the guidelines developed for each area or project designated.

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the City abated property taxes of 50 percent totaling \$29,406 under this program related to the Wentzville Bluffs development.

- Industrial Development Financing under Chapter 100 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri authorize municipalities to issue revenue bonds to finance industrial development projects. Under this type of financing, the company passes title in the real or personal property involved to the City pursuant to a lease-purchase agreement. Because title to the property is held in the name of the City during the lease term, the property acquired with the bond proceeds is tax exempt, which effectively results in tax abatement for the company. It provides 100% property tax abatement but the payment of PILOTS and other performance measures (such as maintaining certain employment levels) may be required by agreement between the company receiving the benefit and the City. The City currently has the following Chapter 100 agreements in effect:
 - O An agreement with General Motors Corporation for an expansion to the Assembly Plant and the creation of new jobs and retention of existing jobs. The total city tax abated amounted to \$231,339 during 2017. General Motors Corporation is required to pay 25 percent in PILOTS which amounted to \$52,593 for the City in 2017. In the event the Company does not meet the guidelines established in the agreement in any given calendar year, a supplemental payment in lieu of taxes equal to the amount abated will be collected.
 - O An agreement with Wentzville Industrial, LLC to acquire land and construct a new manufacturing/warehouse facility. The total city tax abated amounted to \$124,633 during 2017. PILOTS in the amount of \$46,687 were paid to the City during 2017.

12. PENDING GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The effect on the City's financial statements of the following statements issued, but not yet adopted, has not yet been determined.

This report does not incorporate GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, GASB Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017, GASB Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues, and GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placement. The effects of the City's financial statements as a result of adoption of these new pronouncement are unknown. The City will adopt and implement these statements at the required time.

13. **CONCENTRATIONS**

General Motors Corporation (GM) is a major customer of the City's water and sewer services. The amount received from GM for the year ended December 31, 2017 was approximately \$2,300,000. In addition, this business and certain associated businesses accounted for approximately 11% of General Fund revenues and 5% of total City revenues.

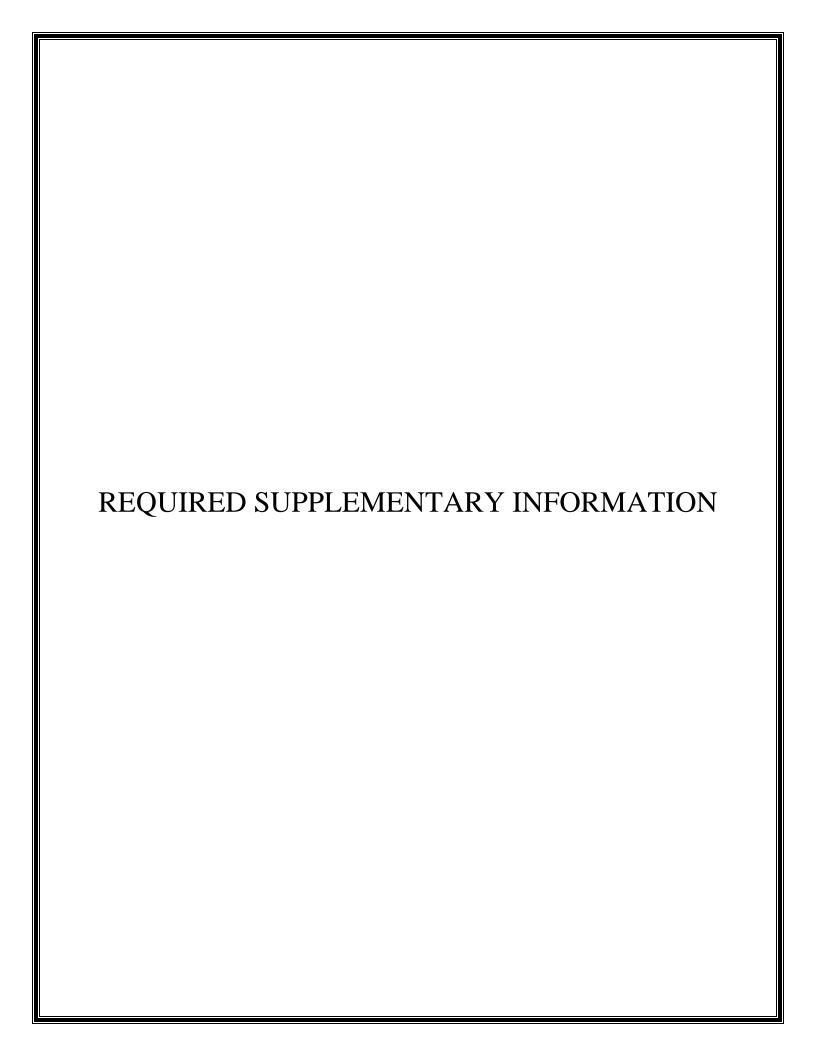
14. EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF APPROPRIATIONS

During the year ended December 31, 2017, expenditures of \$5,884,190 in the Park Fund exceeded appropriations of \$5,752,272. Expenditures of \$94,908 in the WEDC Fund exceeded appropriations of \$94,639. Expenditures of \$666,995 in the General Debt Service Fund exceeded appropriations of \$665,745.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing these financial statements, management has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through June 13, 2018, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

In February 2018, the City purchased land for \$2,800,000. The City also entered into a \$5,000,000 direct loan with Missouri Transportation Finance Corporation, in February 2018, for the purpose of constructing a new I-70 interchange. The loan will bear interest at 1% with payments beginning July 1, 2018 and ending on January 1, 2023.



CITY OF WENTZVILLE, MISSOURI

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

VARIANCE WITH

Intergovernmental	BUD	GET	ACTUAL		AL BUDGET POSITIVE
General property and sales taxes		FINAL	AMOUNTS		EGATIVE)
Seneral property and sales taxes					
Licenses and permits 1,25 Intergovernmental 41 Fines and forfeitures 71 Charges for service 33 Investment income 6 Other 4 TOTAL REVENUES 18,85 EXPENDITURES: 318,85 General government: 342 Administration 3,42 Finance 50 Municipal court 33 Total general government 4,25 Public safety - police department 8,35 Community development and public works: 2 Economic development 28 Public works 3,91 Street 2,21 Total community development 6,41 Capital outlay 50 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 19,02 EXCESS OF REVENUES (12 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): (12 Transfer in (out) (84 Sale of capital assets (12 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (84 NET CHANGE IN FU	4.780	\$ 16,064,780	\$ 17,554,635	\$	1,489,855
Intergovernmental 41 Fines and forfeitures 71 Charges for service 33 Investment income 6 Other 4 TOTAL REVENUES 18,85 EXPENDITURES: 31,82 General government: 34,42 Administration 3,42 Finance 50 Municipal court 33 Total general government 4,25 Public safety - police department 28 Community development and public works: 25 Economic development 28 Public works 3,91 Street 2,21 Total community development 6,41 Capital outlay 50 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 19,02 EXCESS OF REVENUES 19,02 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 12,02 Transfer in (out) (84 Sale of capital assets 70 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (84 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (97 FUND BAL	4,350	1,254,350	1,326,188	Ψ	71,838
Fines and forfeitures Charges for service Investment income Other TOTAL REVENUES EXPENDITURES: General government: Administration Finance Municipal court Total general government	1,600	411,600	541,491		129,891
Charges for service 33 Investment income 6 Other 4 TOTAL REVENUES 18,88 EXPENDITURES: 3 General government: 3,42 Finance 50 Municipal court 33 Total general government 4,25 Public safety - police department 8,35 Community development and public works: 2 Economic development 28 Public works 3,91 Street 2,21 Total community development 6,41 Capital outlay 19,02 EXCESS OF REVENUES 19,02 OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (12 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): (84 Transfer in (out) (84 Sale of capital assets (12 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (84 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (97 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR 12,60 FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR \$ 11,62	9,600	719,600	680,732		(38,868)
Investment income	5,300	335,300	360,298		24,998
Other 4 TOTAL REVENUES 18,89 EXPENDITURES: 3 General government: 3,42 Administration 3,42 Finance 50 Municipal court 33 Total general government 4,25 Public safety - police department 8,35 Community development and public works: 2 Economic development 28 Public works 3,91 Street 2,21 Total community development 6,41 Capital outlay 5 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 19,02 EXCESS OF REVENUES 19,02 OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (12 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): (12 Transfer in (out) (84 Sale of capital assets (12 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (84 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (97 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR 12,60 FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR \$ 11,62	5,000	65,000	48,786		(16,214)
EXPENDITURES: General government: Administration 3,42 Finance 50 Municipal court 33 Total general government 4,25 Public safety - police department 8,35 Community development and public works: Economic development 28 Public works 3,91 Street 2,21 Total community development 6,41 Capital outlay 70TAL EXPENDITURES 19,02 EXCESS OF REVENUES 0VER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (12 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer in (out) (84 Sale of capital assets TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (84 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (97 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR 12,60 FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR \$ 11,62	8,800	48,800	46,736		(2,064)
General government: Administration 3,42 Finance 50 Municipal court 33 Total general government 4,25 Public safety - police department 8,35 Community development and public works: Economic development 28 Public works 3,91 Street 2,21 Total community development 6,41 Capital outlay 19,02 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 19,02 EXCESS OF REVENUES (12 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer in (out) (84 Sale of capital assets TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (84 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (97 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR \$ 11,62 FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR \$ 11,62	9,430	18,899,430	20,558,866		1,659,436
Administration 3,42 Finance 50 Municipal court 33 Total general government 4,25 Public safety - police department 8,35 Community development and public works: Economic development 28 Public works 3,91 Street 2,21 Total community development 6,41 Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES 19,02 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (12 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer in (out) (84 Sale of capital assets TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (84 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (97 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR 12,60 FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR \$ 11,62					
Finance Municipal court Total general government 4,25 Public safety - police department 8,35 Community development and public works: Economic development Public works Street 2,21 Total community development 6,41 Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES 19,02 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer in (out) Sale of capital assets TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (97 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR \$ 11,62					
Municipal court Total general government Public safety - police department Community development and public works: Economic development Public works Street Total community development Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer in (out) Sale of capital assets TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR \$ 11,62	3,985	3,374,536	3,192,472		182,064
Total general government Public safety - police department Sample Street Public works Street Total community development Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES Transfer in (out) Sale of capital assets TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) TETAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (97 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR \$ 11,62	2,310	502,310	452,716		49,594
Public safety - police department Community development and public works: Economic development Public works Street Total community development Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer in (out) Sale of capital assets TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR \$ 11,62	0,438	330,438	302,023		28,415
Community development and public works: Economic development 28 Public works 3,91 Street 2,21 Total community development 6,41 Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES 19,02 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (12 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer in (out) (84 Sale of capital assets TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (84 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (97 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR \$ 12,60 FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR \$ 11,62	6,733	4,207,284	3,947,211		260,073
Economic development Public works 3,91 Street 2,21 Total community development Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES 19,02 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (12 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer in (out) Sale of capital assets TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (84 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR \$ 11,62	2,244	8,411,146	8,046,998		364,148
Economic development Public works 3,91 Street 2,21 Total community development Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES 19,02 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (12 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer in (out) Sale of capital assets TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (84 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR \$ 11,62					
Public works Street 2,21 Total community development 6,41 Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES 19,02 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (12 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer in (out) Sale of capital assets TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (97 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR \$ 11,62	6,007	287,903	224,750		63,153
Street 2,21 Total community development 6,41 Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES 19,02 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (12 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer in (out) (84 Sale of capital assets TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (84 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (97 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR 12,60 FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR \$ 11,62	7,806	3,986,200	3,579,100		407,100
Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES 19,02 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (12 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer in (out) Sale of capital assets TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (84 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (97 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR \$ 11,62	2,076	2,213,855	1,902,402		311,453
TOTAL EXPENDITURES EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer in (out) Sale of capital assets TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (84 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (97 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR \$ 11,62	5,888	6,487,957	5,706,252		781,705
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer in (out) Sale of capital assets TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (97 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR \$ 11,62		23,793	24,455		(662)
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (12 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer in (out) Sale of capital assets TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR \$ 11,62	4,865	19,130,180	17,724,916		1,405,264
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer in (out) (84 Sale of capital assets TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (84 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (97 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR 12,60 FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR \$ 11,62					
Transfer in (out) (84 Sale of capital assets TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (84 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (97 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR 12,60 FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR \$ 11,62	5,435)	(230,750)	2,833,950		3,064,700
Sale of capital assets TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (97 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR \$ 11,62					
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (97 FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR 12,60 FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR \$ 11,62	9,566)	(825,773)	(904,616)		(78,843)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR 12,60 FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR \$ 11,62			31,634		31,634
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR 12,60 FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR \$ 11,62	9,566)	(825,773)	(872,982)		(47,209)
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR \$ 11,62	5,001)	(1,056,523)	1,960,968	\$	3,017,491
	1,526	12,601,526	12,601,526		
xplanation of difference between budgetary and GAAP fund balances:	5,525	\$ 11,545,003	14,562,494		
Apramation of difference between subgetary and of the fund submices.					
Encumbrances for equipment and supplies ordered but not received are not reported for GAAP purposes until received.			117,973		
GAAP fund balance end of year			\$ 14,680,467		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PARK FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

VARIANCE WITH

	BUDO	GET		BUDGET SITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	GATIVE)
REVENUES:				
General property and sales tax	\$ 4,480,302	\$ 4,480,302	\$ 4,580,528	\$ 100,226
Intergovernmental	-	-	14,617	14,617
Parks memberships and programs	1,957,325	1,957,325	1,945,271	(12,054)
Investment income	-	-	536	536
Other	2,300	2,300	26,391	 24,091
TOTAL REVENUES	6,439,927	6,439,927	6,567,343	 127,416
EXPENDITURES:				
Parks and recreation	4,200,951	4,205,961	3,815,927	390,034
Capital outlay	514,263	1,106,311	1,620,923	(514,612)
Debt service:				. , ,
Interest	440,000	440,000	447,340	(7,340)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,155,214	5,752,272	5,884,190	(131,918)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,284,713	687,655	683,153	(4,502)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Sales of capital assets	800	800	7,015	6,215
Transfer in (out)	(1,552,410)	(1,552,410)	(1,498,743)	 53,667
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(1,551,610)	(1,551,610)	(1,491,728)	 59,882
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(266,897)	(863,955)	(808,575)	\$ 55,380
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,885,408	2,885,408	2,885,408	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,618,511	\$ 2,021,453	2,076,833	
Explanation of difference between budgetary and GAAP fur	nd balance:			
Encumbrances for equipment and supplies ordered but no reported for GAAP purposes until received	t received are not		1,089,373	
GAAP fund balance end of year			\$ 3,166,206	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE TRANSPORTATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		2200		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
		1,131,905 127,400 765,198 3,248,840 7,676,190 4,705,859 19,058,150 3,488,064 3,698,372 23,438,895 11,291,654 9,169,429 (2,170,188) (2,759,422) (1,819,305) 10,228 (150,434) (150,434) (70,929) (150,434) (150,434) (60,701) (2,320,622) (2,909,856) (1,880,006)		POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES:				
General property and sales taxes	\$ 4.593.807	\$ 4.593.807	\$ 4.611.429	\$ 17,622
Intergovernmental				(746,331)
Investment income				36,101
Other	,			(489,500)
TOTAL REVENUES			7,350,124	(1,182,108)
EXPENDITURES:				
General government:				
Administration	1,131,905	127,400	765,198	(637,798)
Public works:	, ,	,	,	, , ,
Street	3,248,840	7,676,190	4,705,859	2,970,331
Capital outlay	19,058,150	3,488,064	3,698,372	(210,308)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	23,438,895	11,291,654	9,169,429	2,122,225
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(2,170,188)	(2,759,422)	(1,819,305)	940,117
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Sale of capital assets	-	-	10,228	10,228
Transfer in (out)	(150,434)	(150,434)	(70,929)	79,505
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES (USES)	(150,434)	(150,434)	(60,701)	89,733
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,320,622)	(2,909,856)	(1,880,006)	\$ 1,029,850
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	10,201,344	10,201,344	10,201,344	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 7,880,722	\$ 7,291,488	8,321,338	
Explanation of difference between budgetary and GAAP f	fund balance:			
Encumbrances for equipment and supplies ordered but r	not received are not			
reported for GAAP purposes until received			1,897,363	
GAAP fund balance end of year			\$ 10,218,701	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Budgetary Comparison Schedules

- A. The City utilizes encumbrances for budgetary reporting purposes. Encumbrances relating to certain contractual agreements, supplies and equipment that have been ordered but not received are reported in the year the commitment arises for budgetary reporting purposes. However, for financial reporting purposes, the goods or services are reported when they are received.
- B. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and equipment. The government's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the Board of Aldermen. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level.
- C. The City follows the procedures outlined below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:
 - 1. Prior to December, the City Administrator, after receiving input from each department head, submits to the Board of Aldermen the operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes the proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
 - 2. Prior to January 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
 - A motion from the Board of Aldermen is required to transfer budgeted amounts between funds, or for any revisions that would alter the total expenditures of any fund.
 - Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Park Debt Fund, and Capital Projects Funds except for the Tax Increment District Fund, which is not budgeted.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Schedule of Funding Progress - OPEB

		(b)	(b-a)			[(b-a)/c]	
	(a)	Entry Age	Unfunded		(c)	UAL as a	
Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued	(a/b)	Annual	Percentage of	
Valuation	Value	Accrued	Liability	Funded	Covered	Covered	
Date	of Assets	Liability	(UAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll	
10/1/2012	\$ -	\$ 186,483	\$ 186,483	- %	\$ 7,664,113	2 %)
10/1/2014	-	182,517	182,517	-	8,775,955	2	
10/1/2016	-	200,143	200,143	-	10,762,460	2	
10/1/2012 10/1/2014	\$ -	\$ 186,483 182,517	\$ 186,483 182,517	- % -	\$ 7,664,113 8,775,955	2 9	%

Valuations are required once every two years.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAGERS (GENERAL AND POLICE DIVISIONS) YEARS ENDING JUNE 30,

		2017		2016		2015
Total Pension Liability						
Service cost	\$	950,214	\$	862,039	\$	743,387
Interest on the total pension liability		1,906,761		1,681,782		1,533,897
Change of benefit terms		-		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		10,424		126,883		239,938
Changes of assumptions		-		1,000,084		-
Benefit payments		(640,303)		(582,563)		(490,509)
Net change in total pension liability		2,227,096		3,088,225		2,026,713
Total pension liability - beginning		26,147,914		23,059,689		21,032,976
Total pension liability - ending	\$	28,375,010	\$	26,147,914	\$	23,059,689
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions-employer	\$	983,796	\$	900,373	\$	870,408
Contributions-employee	·	-	·	-	·	-
Net investment income		3,138,615		(7,174)		477,673
Benefit payments, including refunds		(640,303)		(582,563)		(490,509)
Pension plan administrative expense		(27,398)		(25,333)		(27,311)
Other (net transfer)		(117,033)		18,396		393,776
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		3,337,677		303,699		1,224,037
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		25,813,226		25,509,527		24,285,490
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	29,150,903	\$	25,813,226	\$	25,509,527
Employer net pension liability (asset)	\$	(775,892)	\$	334,688	\$	(2,449,838)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		102.73 %	ó	98.72%		110.62 %
Covered employee payroll	\$	11,380,839	\$	10,635,751	\$	9,776,849
Employer's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered employee payroll		(6.82) %	ó	3.15%		(25.06) %

Notes to schedule:

Information for prior years is not available; amounts presented for the year-end were determined as of June 30, the measurement date.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS LAGERS (GENERAL AND POLICE DIVISIONS) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year ended December 31,	De	ctuarial termined ntribution	Actual Contribution		tribution ficiency excess)	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2008	\$	604,099	\$ 604,099	\$	-	\$ 7,903,685	7.6 %
2009		679,794	679,794		-	8,816,594	7.7
2010		850,677	738,419		112,259	8,474,827	8.7
2011		821,008	802,530		18,478	8,261,160	9.7
2012		803,094	803,094		-	8,010,965	10.0
2013		796,040	796,040		-	8,372,580	9.5
2014		811,390	811,390		-	9,059,358	9.0
2015		902,735	902,735		-	10,515,679	8.6
2016		892,842	892,842		-	10,930,796	8.2
2017		1,088,928	1,084,640		4,288	11,826,559	9.2

Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Valuation date: 02/28/17

Notes: The roll-forward of total pension liability from February 28, 2017 to June 30, 2017

reflects expected service cost and interest reduced by actual benefit payments.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal and Modified Terminal Funding

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 15 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor
Inflation 3.25% wage inflation; 2.50% price inflation

Salary increases 3.25% - 6.55% including wage inflation

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of investment and administrative expenses

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of

eligibility condition.

Mortality The healthy retiree mortality tables, for post retirement mortality,

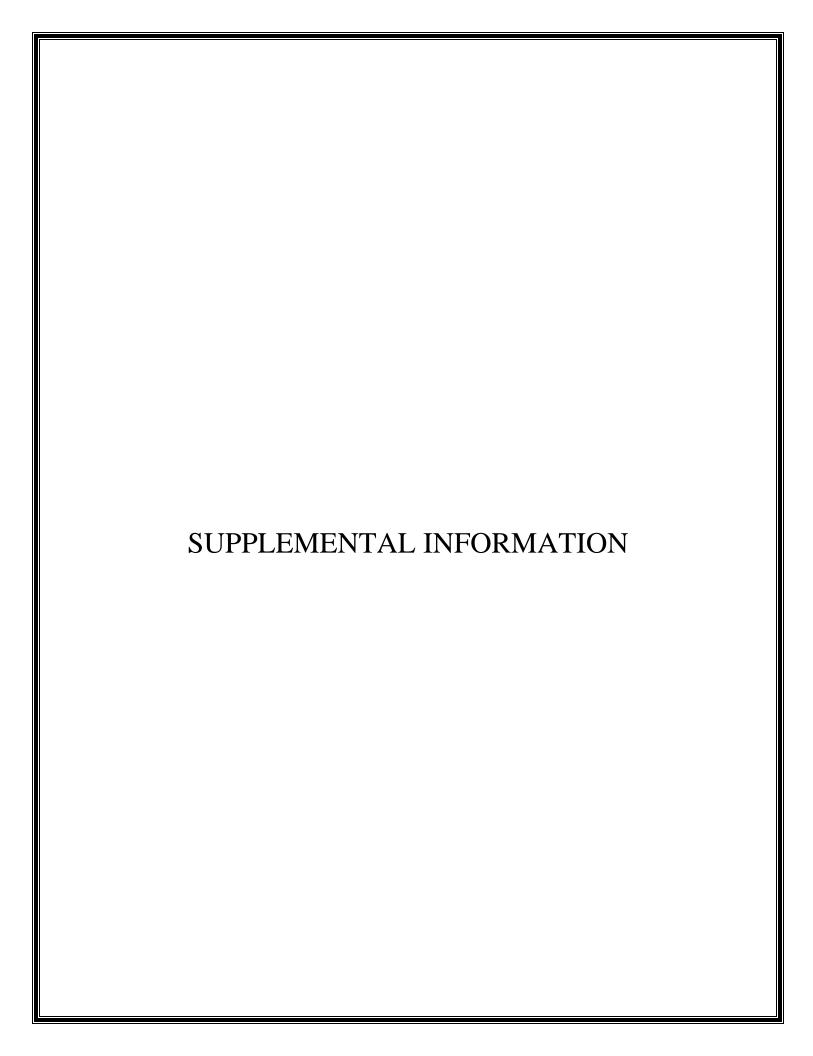
were the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, were the RP-2014 disabled mortality table for males and females. The pre-retirement mortality tables used were the RP-

2014 employees mortality table for males and females.

Both the post-retirement and pre-retirement tables were adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males was then established to be 2017. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the

above described tables.

Other information: None



NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

<u>Tax Increment Financing District Fund</u> - This special revenue fund is used to account for the revenues and expenses of the tax increment financing district.

Debt Service Fund

General Debt Service Fund - this fund is used to account for debt service activities of the City.

<u>Neighborhood Improvement District Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the activities related to the district, which include collecting taxes and making debt service payments.

Capital Projects Fund

<u>Wentzville Economic Development Council (WEDC) Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for revenues received from facilitating the acquisition and construction of certain capital improvements.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Special			Capital						
	Rev	enue Fund	Pro	jects Fund	Debt Service Funds			ınds		
	Tax	Increment			Neighborhood					
	Fi	nancing			Improvement					
	Dis	trict Fund	W]	WEDC Fund		District Fund		General		Total
ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS										
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	97,221	\$	-	\$	97,221
Taxes receivable:										
Property		-		-		893		-		893
Other		142,088		-		-		-		142,088
Accrued interest		-		_		177		5,328		5,505
Prepaid items		-		-		_		1,250		1,250
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		61		123,044		-		463,065		586,170
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	142,149	\$	123,044	\$	98,291	\$	469,643	\$	833,127
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	269	\$	_	\$	-	\$	269
Due to other funds		_		349,000		_		_		349,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES				349,269		_		-		349,269
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		-		_		-		1,250		1,250
Restricted for:										
NID Districts		-		-		98,291		-		98,291
TIF Districts		142,149		_		-		-		142,149
Debt service		-		-		-		468,393		468,393
Unassigned				(226,225)						(226,225)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		142,149		(226,225)		98,291		469,643		483,858
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED										
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
AND FUND BALANCES	\$	142,149	\$	123,044	\$	98,291	\$	469,643	\$	833,127

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Special		Capital					
	Rev	enue Fund	Pro	ojects Fund		Debt Serv	ice F	und	
	Tax	Increment			Nei	ghborhood			
	F	inancing			Imp	provement			
	Dis	strict Fund	W	EDC Fund	District Fund		General		Total
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$	142,088	\$	-	\$	1,537	\$	-	\$ 143,625
Investment income		227		(358)		937		4,811	5,617
Miscellaneous income		-		93,052		-		-	93,052
TOTAL REVENUES		142,315		92,694		2,474		4,811	242,294
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government		-		312		-		95	407
Debt service:									
Principal, interest and fiscal charges		139,205		94,596		162,428		666,900	1,063,129
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		139,205		94,908		162,428		666,995	1,063,536
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER									
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		3,110		(2,214)		(159,954)		(662,184)	(821,242)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:									
Transfer in (out)				69,800				659,088	 728,888
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		3,110		67,586		(159,954)		(3,096)	 (92,354)
FUND BALANCES -									
BEGINNING OF YEAR		139,039		(293,811)		258,245		472,739	 576,212
FUND BALANCES -									
END OF YEAR	\$	142,149	\$	(226,225)	\$	98,291	\$	469,643	\$ 483,858

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE WEDC FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		BUD)GET				FIN	IANCE WITH AL BUDGET POSITIVE
	O	RIGINAL	FINAL		ACTUAL		(NEGATIVE)	
DEVICATION								
REVENUES:	Ф		Ф		Ф	(250)	ф	(250)
Investment income	\$	- 04 620	\$	-	\$	(358)	\$	(358)
Other		94,639		94,639		93,052	-	(1,587)
TOTAL REVENUES		94,639		94,639		92,694	-	(1,945)
EXPENDITURES:								
General government:								
Administration		43		43		312		(269)
Debt service:								
Principal		72,000		72,000		72,000		-
Interest		22,596		22,596		22,596		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		94,639		94,639		94,908		(269)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-		-		(2,214)		(2,214)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfer in (out)						69,800		69,800
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		67,586	\$	67,586
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR		(293,811)		(293,811)		(293,811)		
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	(293,811)	\$	(293,811)	\$	(226,225)		

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NEIGHBORHOOD IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	BUDGET ORIGINAL FINAL ACTUAL							VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
REVENUES:										
NID Assessments	\$	163,261	\$	_	\$	1,537	\$	1,537		
Investment income		500		500		937		437		
TOTAL REVENUES		163,761		500		2,474		1,974		
EXPENDITURES: Debt service: Principal		155,000		155,000		155,000		-		
Interest and fiscal charges		8,506		8,506		7,428		1,078		
Total debt service		163,506		163,506		162,428		1,078		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		163,506		163,506		162,428		1,078		
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		255		(163,006)		(159,954)	\$	3,052		
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR		258,245		258,245		258,245				
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	258,500	\$	95,239	\$	98,291				

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	ORI	BUD GINAL	FINAL	A	CTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
			 				_	
REVENUES:								
Investment income	\$	5,500	\$ 5,500	\$	4,811	\$	(689)	
EXPENDITURES:								
General government:								
Administration		95	95		95		-	
Debt service:								
Principal		585,000	585,000		585,000		-	
Interest and fiscal charges		80,650	80,650		81,900		(1,250)	
Bond issuance costs			_					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		665,745	 665,745		666,995		(1,250)	
EXCESS REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(660,245)	(660,245)		(662,184)		(1,939)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfer in (out)		665,745	 665,745		659,088		(6,657)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		5,500	 5,500		(3,096)	\$	(8,596)	
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR		472,739	 472,739		472,739			
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	478,239	\$ 478,239	\$	469,643			

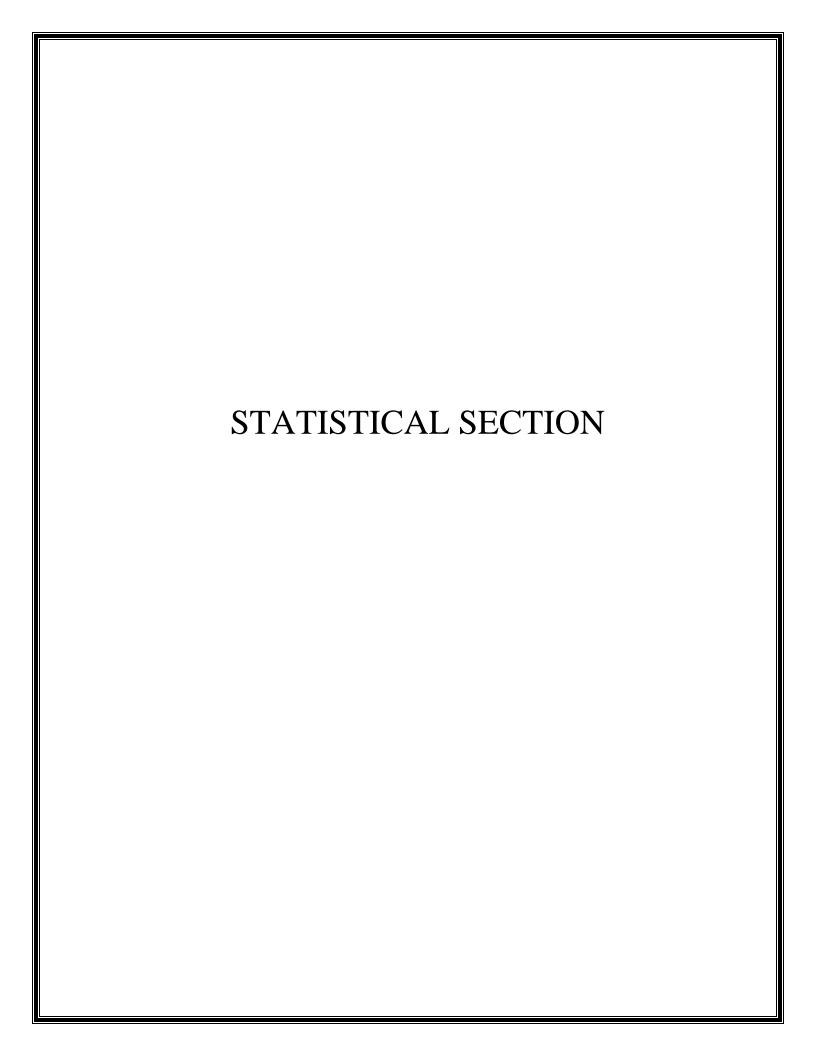
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PARK DEBT FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	BUD			VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 105,028	\$ 105,028	\$ 104,916	\$ (112)
Investment income	20,500	20,500	2,358	(18,142)
TOTAL REVENUES	125,528	125,528	107,274	(18,254)
EXPENDITURES:				
General government:				
Culture and recreation	1,794	1,794	3,620	(1,826)
Capital outlay	-	405,618	342,084	63,534
Debt service:				
Principal	865,000	865,000	865,000	-
Interest and other fiscal charges	790,644	790,644	790,644	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,657,438	2,063,056	2,001,348	61,708
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,531,910)	(1,937,528)	(1,894,074)	43,454
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfer in (out)	1,552,410	1,552,410	1,498,743	(53,667)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	20,500	(385,118)	(395,331)	\$ (10,213)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,008,527	2,008,527	2,008,527	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,029,027	\$ 1,623,409	1,613,196	
Explanation of difference between budgetary and GAAP fun	d balance:			
Encumbrances for equipment and supplies ordered but not reported for GAAP purposes until received	received are not		286,473	
GAAP fund balance end of year			\$ 1,899,669	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	BUD	GET		VARIANCE V FINAL BUD POSITIV	GET
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIV	/E)
DEVENOUS CONTRACTOR OF THE CON					
REVENUES:	Φ 2065.664	Φ 2.065.664	Φ 4.042.051	Φ 17	7 107
Sales taxes	\$ 3,865,664	\$ 3,865,664	\$ 4,042,851		7,187
Investment income	50,000	50,000	78,465		8,465
TOTAL REVENUES	3,915,664	3,915,664	4,121,316	20	5,652
EXPENDITURES:					
General government:					
Administration	203,544	203,544	263,430	,	9,886)
Capital Outlay	11,913,016	13,853,193	12,931,122		2,071
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	12,116,560	14,056,737	13,194,552	86	2,185
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(8,200,896)	(10,141,073)	(9,073,236)	1,06	7,837
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfer in (out)	334,255	310,462	15,479	(29	4,983)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(7,866,641)	(9,830,611)	(9,057,757)	\$ 77	2,854
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	11,754,017	11,754,017	11,754,017		
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 3,887,376	\$ 1,923,406	2,696,260		
Explanation of difference between budgetary and GAAP for	and balance:				
Encumbrances for equipment and supplies ordered but no reported for GAAP purposes until received	ot received are not		464,323		
GAAP fund balance end of year			\$ 3,160,583		



This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends	PAGES
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	73-77
Revenue Capacity	13-11
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources.	70.02
Debt Capacity	78-82
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	83-86
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment which the City's financial activities take place.	87-88
Operating Information	07-00
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how information in the City's financial report relates to the services	
the City provides and the activities it performs.	89-92

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Governmental Activities:		_								
Net investment in capital assets	\$121,988,531	\$107,905,462	\$101,673,046	\$ 94,585,991	\$ 94,463,657	\$ 89,486,138	\$ 81,931,132	\$ 81,260,495	\$ 76,098,747	\$ 70,986,950
Restricted	16,806,886	25,313,791	22,804,491	17,284,644	14,786,108	12,410,596	9,903,520	7,719,229	8,107,013	7,354,598
Unrestricted	14,439,147	12,715,611	13,061,338	11,842,223	9,630,595	10,724,310	8,569,356	7,169,285	6,741,798	6,432,624
Total Governmental										
Activities Net Position	\$153,234,564	\$145,934,864	\$137,538,875	\$123,712,858	\$118,880,360	\$ 112,621,044	\$100,404,008	\$ 96,149,009	\$ 90,947,558	\$ 84,774,172
Business-type Activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 52,603,660	\$ 47,555,767	\$ 45,727,990	\$ 44,319,489	\$ 43,752,558	\$ 41,874,539	\$ 43,106,783	\$ 39,106,298	\$ 38,337,688	\$ 36,119,759
Restricted	1,319,726	1,598,466	1,151,886	1,213,563	2,593,049	2,085,852	900,130	2,910,599	3,201,909	1,415,515
Unrestricted	22,244,531	19,210,256	18,099,898	16,368,781	13,076,270	11,386,014	8,812,747	7,924,848	6,212,747	8,037,487
Total Business-										
Type Net Position	\$ 76,167,917	\$ 68,364,489	\$ 64,979,774	\$ 61,901,833	\$ 59,421,877	\$ 55,346,405	\$ 52,819,660	\$ 49,941,745	\$ 47,752,344	\$ 45,572,761
Primary Activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$174,592,191	\$155,461,229	\$147,401,036	\$138,905,480	\$138,216,215	\$ 131,360,677	\$125,037,915	\$120,366,793	\$114,436,435	\$107,106,709
Restricted	18,126,612	26,912,257	23,956,377	18,498,207	17,379,157	14,496,448	10,803,650	10,629,828	11,308,922	8,770,113
Unrestricted	36,683,678	31,925,867	31,161,236	28,211,004	22,706,865	22,110,324	17,382,103	15,094,133	12,954,545	14,470,111
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Total Net Position	\$229,402,481	\$214,299,353	\$202,518,649	\$185,614,691	\$178,302,237	\$ 167,967,449	\$153,223,668	\$146,090,754	\$138,699,902	\$130,346,933

Source: Basic Financial Statements

Note: GASB 68 was implemented in 2015.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
EXPENSES:										
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$ 4,652,308	\$ 4,174,986	\$ 4,334,942	\$ 4,330,568	\$ 3,451,232	\$ 3,782,561	\$ 4,087,955	\$ 5,348,423	\$ 4,927,123	\$ 4,996,668
Public Safety	9,066,117	8,364,921	8,007,963	7,821,415	7,234,502	7,209,303	7,142,582	7,225,856	6,651,387	6,601,295
Community Development and										
Public Works	16,799,986	14,925,450	11,519,907	11,665,836	10,849,305	10,134,812	8,789,788	8,289,040	8,042,728	7,466,815
Parks and Recreation	5,000,246	4,461,290	3,797,193	3,205,222	2,496,995	2,278,578	2,339,552	2,464,295	2,369,700	2,389,735
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,168,817	1,241,586	1,635,399	1,508,782	1,582,099	1,362,933	1,150,571	791,480	437,998	463,277
Total Governmental	<u> </u>									
Activities Expenses	36,687,474	33,168,233	29,295,404	28,531,823	25,614,133	24,768,187	23,510,448	24,119,094	22,428,936	21,917,790
Business-type Activities:										
Water	6,941,868	6,555,780	5,741,345	5,357,782	5,079,909	5,405,112	5,007,476	5,029,383	4,303,783	4,883,676
Wastewater	7,516,724	7,777,547	7,663,079	6,703,381	6,368,687	5,760,124	5,183,392	5,188,043	5,084,398	5,474,346
Stormwater	-	-		-	-	1,572,190	142,587	126,446	101,441	103,516
Trash	2,537,099	2,390,964	2,237,299	2,046,975	2,080,567	1,794,272	1,782,492	1,655,983	1,635,192	1,611,753
WEDC	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Business-type										
activities expenses	16,995,691	16,724,291	15,641,723	14,108,138	13,529,163	14,531,698	12,115,947	11,999,855	11,124,814	12,073,291
Total Primary										
Government Expenses	53,683,165	49,892,524	44,937,127	42,639,961	39,143,296	39,299,885	35,626,395	36,118,949	33,553,750	33,991,081
REVENUES:										
Governmental Activities										
Charges for services:										
General Government	66,825	60,589	62,783	55,535	53,619	1,877,796	1,688,292	1,755,571	1,771,754	1,235,016
Public Safety	1,041,030	916,990	1,177,088	1,515,825	1,590,435	24,834	21,456	21,350	22,104	20,632
Community Development and Public Works	1,259,363	1,762,094	997,155	762,679	618,691	583,749	340,163	477,903	516,809	459,454
Parks and Recreation	1,945,271	1,799,528	1,652,502	1,433,764	1,027,118	1,028,574	993,899	948,731	921,671	905,916
Operating Grants and Contributions	-	-	63,333	46,566	127,226	5,130,373	2,320,375	4,580,589	3,754,240	3,094,187
Capital Grants and Contributions	9,650,952	8,180,357	8,861,857	2,586,317	4,515,138	5,196,792	2,570,518	3,829,762	4,549,198	7,208,110
Total Governmental										
Activities Program Revenues	13,963,441	12,719,558	12,814,718	6,400,686	7,932,227	13,842,118	7,934,703	11,613,906	11,535,776	12,923,315

Continued

CHANGES IN NET POSITION - continued LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Business-type Activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water	7,826,262	7,336,103	6,342,556	5,990,880	5,607,424	6,020,969	6,020,969	5,168,032	4,755,122	3,995,647
Wastewater	8,443,274	7,974,594	6,833,598	6,592,890	6,207,048	5,781,875	5,781,875	4,967,088	4,411,193	3,445,450
Trash	2,546,001	2,377,823	2,237,134	2,067,878	2,115,311	1,826,939	1,826,939	1,715,345	1,658,270	1,595,555
Operating Grants and Contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Grants and Contributions	4,470,472	1,126,597	1,855,207	1,283,186	3,435,449	2,530,514	2,530,514	1,623,641	2,052,655	2,784,568
Total Business-Type Activities										
Program Revenues	23,286,009	18,815,117	17,268,495	15,934,834	17,365,232	16,160,297	16,160,297	13,474,106	12,877,240	11,821,220
Total Primary Government										
Program Revenues	37,249,450	31,534,675	30,083,213	22,335,520	25,297,459	30,002,415	24,095,000	25,088,012	24,413,016	24,744,535
NET REVENUES (EXPENSES)										
Governmental Activities	(22,724,033)	(20,448,675)	(16,480,686)	(22,131,137)	(17,681,906)	(10,926,069)	(10,926,069)	(15,575,745)	(12,505,188)	(10,893,160)
Business-type Activities	6,290,318	2,090,826	1,626,772	1,826,696	3,836,069	1,628,599	1,628,599	1,358,159	877,385	696,406
Net Revenues (Expenses)	(16,433,715)	(18,357,849)	(14,853,914)	(20,304,441)	(13,845,837)	(9,297,470)	(9,297,470)	(14,217,586)	(11,627,803)	(10,196,754)
GENERAL REVENUES										
AND TRANSFERS										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes	30,847,635	28,680,776	27,122,423	26,669,402	25,008,165	22,994,028	22,994,028	20,460,703	17,807,948	17,379,619
Investment earnings	239,301	476,977	295,529	298,677	(169,829)	76,134	76,134	139,781	53,853	65,934
Other miscellaneous revenues	237,379	303,219	228,384	289,926	312,996	604,790	604,790	625,760	1,100,859	666,356
Transfers	(1,300,582)	(778,250)	(547,770)	(294,370)	(644,267)	(531,847)	(531,847)	(1,395,500)	(1,205,799)	(1,042,363)
Total Governmental Activities	(1,500,502)	(770,200)	(8 : 1,1 10)	(2) 1,870)	(0:1,207)	(001,017)	(651,617)	(1,000,000)	(1,200,777)	(1,0 12,000)
General Revenues and Transfers	30,023,733	28,682,722	27,098,566	26,963,635	24,507,065	23,143,105	23,143,105	19,830,744	17,756,861	17,069,546
Desire and Association										
Business-type Activities:	107 412	449,000	260.042	221 405	24.202	262.065	262.065	71.676	02.077	105 504
Investment earnings	187,412 9,030	448,099	360,943	331,405	34,282	262,065	262,065	71,676	92,077	405,594
Gain (loss) on sale of property		25,695	1,674	10,767	(21,167)	104.224	104 224	52.500	14 140	25.220
Other miscellaneous revenues	16,086	41,845	16,848	16,718	26,253	104,234	104,234	52,580	14,140	35,220
Transfers Total Business-Type Activities	1,300,582	778,250	547,770	294,370	644,267	531,847	531,847	1,395,500	1,205,799	1,042,363
General Revenues and Transfers	1,513,110	1,293,889	927,235	653,260	683,635	898,146	898,146	1,519,756	1,312,016	1,483,177
General Revenues and Transfers	1,313,110	1,293,009	921,233	055,200	063,033	090,140	090,140	1,319,730	1,312,010	1,465,177
Total Primary Government										
General Revenues and Transfers	31,536,843	29,976,611	28,025,801	27,616,895	25,190,700	24,041,251	24,041,251	21,350,500	19,068,877	18,552,723
CHANGE IN NET POSITION							_			
Governmental Activities	7,299,700	8,234,047	10,617,880	4,832,498	6,825,159	12,217,036	12,217,036	4,254,999	5,251,673	6,176,386
Business-type Activities	7,803,428	3,384,715	2,554,007	2,479,956	4,519,704	2,526,745	2,526,745	2,877,915	2,189,401	2,179,583
Total Primary Government	1,003,720	3,304,713	2,334,007	2,477,730	7,517,707	2,320,143	2,320,743	2,077,713	2,107,401	2,177,303
Changes In Net Position	\$ 15,103,128	\$11,618,762	\$ 13,171,887	\$ 7,312,454	\$11,344,863	\$ 14,743,781	\$14,743,781	\$ 7,132,914	\$ 7,441,074	\$ 8,355,969
	,,									

Source: Basic Financial Statements

FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
General Fund:										
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 805,264	\$ 818,516	\$ 1,030,759
Unreserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,480,430	6,778,605	6,492,568
Nonspendable	427,944	362,136	534,645	608,674	492,640	544,692	575,662	-	-	-
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	294,912	-	-	-
Assigned	2,117,973	250,896	381,126	407,166	357,962	289,648	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	12,134,550	11,988,494	12,386,189	13,294,809	11,794,946	9,762,864	8,124,317			
Total General Fund	\$ 14,680,467	\$ 12,601,526	\$ 13,301,960	\$ 14,310,649	\$ 12,645,548	\$ 10,597,204	\$ 8,994,891	\$ 8,285,694	\$ 7,597,121	\$ 7,523,327
All Other Governmental Funds:										
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,723,504	\$ 8,074,882	\$ 6,721,013
Unreserved:										
Special Revenue Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,593,941	(1,495,083)	(1,422,046)
Capital Projects Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,598,954	402,376	(19,169)
Nonspendable	142,114	74,529	99,035	78,551	82,618	89,488	86,156	-	-	-
Restricted	19,013,128	27,646,040	28,715,338	25,255,222	27,173,299	29,896,128	28,559,060	-	-	-
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	(226,225)	(295,061)	(375,791)	(447,054)	(513,998)	(489,201)	(210,293)			
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 18,929,017	\$ 27,425,508	\$ 28,438,582	\$ 24,886,719	\$ 26,741,919	\$ 29,496,415	\$28,434,923	\$ 9,916,399	\$ 6,982,175	\$ 5,279,798

Source: Basic Financial Statements

Note: GASB 54 was implemented in 2011.

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
REVENUES										
General Property and sales tax	\$ 30,933,068	\$ 28,823,374	\$ 27,227,970	\$ 25,351,001	\$ 25,324,410	\$ 23,213,487	\$ 20,728,813	\$ 18,184,970	\$ 17,721,568	\$ 18,630,923
Licenses and permits	1,326,188	1,822,683	1,059,938	818,214	672,310	628,119	412,489	545,064	590,327	515,205
Intergovernmental	3,288,618	5,450,662	5,274,414	2,046,975	242,092	5,243,189	2.382.278	4,580,589	3,761,276	3,091,987
NID assessments	-	-	- , . ,	-	-	-	149,959	179,199	155,074	166,212
Fines and forfeitures	680,732	674,720	894,463	1,253,241	1,327,208	1,283,818	1,128,081	1,198,840	1,221,071	1,203,573
Parks memberships and programs	2,305,569	2,041,798	1,935,127	1,696,348	1,290,345	1,028,574	993,721	948,561	921,671	905,916
Investment income	221,863	448,769	283,440	297,002	(170,961)	72,971	139,781	53,853	65,934	260,005
Other	191,179	293,370	213,371	265,509	276,215	1,229,081	1,059,774	1,585,273	972,623	688,372
Total Revenues	38,947,217	39,555,376	36,888,723	31,728,290	28,961,619	32,699,239	26,994,896	27,276,349	25,409,544	25,462,193
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government	4,369,767	3,985,457	4,403,852	4,008,587	3,388,104	3,630,651	3,571,239	4,735,109	4,182,498	4,922,952
Public safety	8,037,108	7,550,644	7,717,118	7,414,377	6,904,261	6,755,198	6,639,915	6,771,675	6,231,993	6,043,183
Community development and public works	10,334,125	9,862,120	6,383,029	6,685,275	6,078,083	5,853,801	4,685,717	4,661,238	4,605,963	4,587,180
Parks and recreation	3,785,399	3,370,135	3,135,591	2,821,776	2,214,019	2,030,957	2,102,754	2,114,137	2,019,748	2,038,786
Capital outlay	15,489,954	13,530,049	9,148,773	7,846,315	7,527,514	8,593,104	6,633,844	6,281,386	4,536,426	6,384,145
Debt Service:										
Principal	1,528,011	1,528,011	1,528,011	1,434,190	1,392,506	1,327,011	420,016	691,088	813,279	761,916
Interest and fiscal charges	1,638,102	1,421,409	1,414,275	1,446,288	1,481,981	1,314,422	781,473	407,398	394,105	407,724
Debt issue costs	-	-	245,403	-	-	-	149,431	100,203	-	-
Total Expenditures	45,182,466	41,247,825	33,976,052	31,656,808	28,986,468	29,505,144	24,984,389	25,762,234	22,784,012	25,145,886
EXCESS REVENUES OVER										
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(6,235,249)	(1,692,449)	2,912,671	71,482	(24,849)	3,194,095	2,010,507	1,514,115	2,625,532	316,307
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Sale of capital assets	48,877	46,667	21,151	32,789	36,781	1,557	13,602	25,440	582	402
Issuance of tax increment revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	=
Issuance of long-term debt	-	_	20,305,000	-	-	-	18,900,000	9,265,000	-	1,511,343
Bond premium (discount)	-	-	965,349	-	-	-	(300,888)	(153,712)	-	-
Payment to escrow agent	-	-	(21,113,226)	-	-	-	-	(5,773,261)	-	(46,893)
Transfers in	2,243,110	4,989,970	3,179,777	2,776,806	2,679,635	2,275,317	782,186	1,589,502	2,275,297	3,107,310
Transfers out	(2,474,288)	(5,219,638)	(3,727,547)	(3,071,176)	(3,323,902)	(2,807,164)	(2,177,686)	(2,795,301)	(3,317,660)	(3,821,918)
Insurance recovery								1,236	192,420	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(182,301)	(183,001)	(369,496)	(261,581)	(607,486)	(530,290)	17,217,214	2,158,904	(849,361)	750,244
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (6,417,550)	\$ (1,875,450)	\$ 2,543,175	\$ (190,099)	\$ (632,335)	\$ 2,663,805	\$ 19,227,721	\$ 3,673,019	\$ 1,776,171	\$ 1,066,551
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	10.4%	10.6%	11.7%	11.9%	15.3%	14.3%	6.3%	5.5%	6.6%	6.2%

Source: Basic Financial Statements

TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Property	\$ 7,338,738	\$ 6,699,987	\$ 6,350,321	\$ 6,063,605	\$ 5,900,865	\$ 4,586,707	\$ 5,473,163	\$ 6,027,269	\$ 5,992,094	\$ 6,505,720
Sales	19,724,966	18,540,722	17,261,678	15,777,696	14,520,419	13,768,060	11,889,230	9,006,813	8,822,127	8,912,528
Gross receipts	3,869,364	3,582,665	3,615,971	3,509,700	3,335,478	3,024,369	2,922,041	2,828,583	2,592,429	2,892,856
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 30,933,068	\$ 28,823,374	\$ 27,227,970	\$ 25,351,001	\$ 23,756,762	\$ 21,379,136	\$ 20,284,434	\$ 17,862,665	\$ 17,406,650	\$ 18,311,104

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Residential	Commercial	Agriculture	Personal	Total	Estimated Actual Value	Ratio Total Assessed to Total Estimated Actual Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
2017	\$ 520,465,071	\$ 171,085,744	\$ 468,897	\$ 176,284,875	\$ 868,304,587	\$ 3,806,694,897	22.8	% \$ 0.7095
2016	443,185,988	158,338,171	644,918	146,812,756	748,981,833	3,273,177,202	22.9	0.7518
2015	415,157,030	154,251,973	722,815	121,979,772	692,111,590	3,039,037,190	22.8	0.7545
2014	367,594,145	141,146,083	942,617	108,308,066	625,159,561	2,730,698,907	22.9	0.7902
2013	351,316,323	141,146,083	993,123	112,076,581	605,532,110	2,634,620,557	23.0	0.7902
2012	355,999,506	145,133,381	1,461,358	108,128,115	610,722,360	2,660,785,755	22.9	0.7902
2011	351,117,611	147,554,070	1,471,190	102,899,469	603,042,340	2,630,052,219	22.9	0.8958
2010	367,255,750	157,256,782	1,673,350	95,399,922	621,555,804	2,724,338,899	22.8	0.9075
2009	359,178,280	160,849,246	1,859,270	98,100,035	619,986,831	2,702,859,916	22.9	0.9079
2008	390,727,100	166,579,150	1,249,980	115,071,933	673,628,163	2,932,650,564	23.0	0.9079

Reassessments are currently performed every odd-numbered year. Residential property assessed valuation equals 19% of appraised value, agricultural equals 12%, and commercial and industrial equals 32%. Personal Property is valued as one-third of the property market value.

Tax rates per \$100 of assessed valuation.

Source: Office of the St. Charles County Assessor

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

<u>-</u>	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
City of Wentzville										
Operating	0.6463	0.6848	0.6873	0.7198	0.7198	0.7198	0.8218	0.8325	0.8329	0.8329
Parks	0.0632	0.0670	0.0672	0.0704	0.0704	0.0704	0.0740	0.0750	0.0750	0.0750
Total City of Wentzville	0.7095	0.7518	0.7545	0.7902	0.7902	0.7902	0.8958	0.9075	0.9079	0.9079
Overlapping governments:										
State of Missouri	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300
St. Charles County (county, road and bridge, and alarm dispatch)	0.2301	0.2403	0.2340	0.2431	0.2430	0.2431	0.2431	0.2431	0.2431	0.2435
Fire District #13 - Wentzville	0.8667	0.8756	0.7960	0.5080	0.5080	0.4858	0.4858	0.4592	0.4592	0.4299
Wentzville R-IV School District	4.9801	5.2117	5.2117	4.9891	4.9891	4.9891	4.9891	4.5872	4.5830	4.3446
Special Districts*	0.7966	0.8469	0.8114	0.8549	0.7487	0.7252	0.7196	0.7024	0.7024	0.6653
Total Overlapping Governments	6.9035	7.2045	7.0831	6.6251	6.5188	6.4732	6.4676	6.0219	6.0177	5.7133
Total City and Overlapping Governments	7.6130	7.9563	7.8376	7.4153	7.3090	7.2634	7.3634	6.9294	6.9256	6.6212

^{*}Special includes St. Charles County Ambulance, Development Disability, St. Charles County Library District, and St. Charles Community College.

Source: St. Charles County Collector

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	2017				2008	
Tax Payer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Assessed Value
General Motors Corp	\$ 74,427,511	1	8.57 %	\$ 63,394,538	1	9.41 %
Union Electric	6,046,214	2	0.70			
THF Wentzville Two and Three	6,034,221	3	0.69	11,601,150	2	1.72
Diebergs of Wentzville LLC	5,978,360	4	0.69	6,832,846	3	1.01
CenturyTel of Missouri	5,741,486	5	0.66			
THF Wentzville Development LLC	4,666,837	6	0.54	5,813,806	4	0.86
Sparrowhawk STL Industrial LLC	4,188,468	7	0.48			
THF Wentzville TWO Development, Bear Creek	4,089,386	8	0.47			
Etrailer Corp	3,944,647	9	0.45			
Parr Four LLC RK Stratman	3,513,631	10	0.40			
Target Corporation				3,937,383	5	0.58
Madison Warehouse Corp				3,471,137	6	0.52
Home Depot USA, Inc.				2,497,457	7	0.37
Peine Lakes LP				2,446,390	8	0.36
MCW-RD Wentzville Commons				2,286,840	9	0.34
West Heritage Commons LLC				2,225,350	10	0.33
Total	\$118,630,761		13.66 %	\$104,506,897		15.51 %

Source: St. Charles County Assessors Office

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Net Tax Levy	Collections in Year of Levy	Percentage Collected in Year of Levy	Collected in Subsequent Years	Total Collected	Percentage Collected	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes as a Percentage of Net Tax Levy	
2017	\$ 5,877,526	\$ 5,561,812	94.6 %	\$ -	\$ 5,561,812	94.6 %	\$ 315,714	5.4	%
2016	5,373,894	5,143,777	95.7	194,471	5,338,248	99.3	35,646	0.7	
2015	4,964,821	4,680,685	94.3	275,674	4,956,359	99.8	8,462	0.2	
2014	4,791,618	4,532,362	94.6	254,904	4,787,266	99.9	4,352	0.1	
2013	4,788,941	4,474,919	93.4	308,590	4,783,509	99.9	5,432	0.1	
2012	5,470,851	5,126,809	93.7	339,389	5,466,198	99.9	4,653	0.1	
2011	5,402,053	4,745,373	87.8	656,357	5,401,730	100.0	323	0.01	
2010	5,381,566	4,943,973	91.9	437,252	5,381,225	100.0	341	0.01	
2009	5,386,874	4,801,856	89.1	585,018	5,386,874	100.0	-	-	
2008	6,039,547	5,515,681	91.3	523,866	6,039,547	100.0	-	-	

Source: St. Charles County Collector's records 2008-2017

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Debt Limit	\$ 86,830,459	\$ 74,898,183	\$ 69,211,159	\$ 62,515,956	\$ 60,553,211	\$ 61,072,236	\$ 60,304,234	\$ 62,155,580	\$ 61,998,683	\$ 67,362,816
Net debt applicable to limit	70,000	225,000	375,000	520,000	655,000	790,000	920,000	1,045,000	1,165,000	1,285,000
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 86,760,459	\$ 74,673,183	\$ 68,836,159	\$ 61,995,956	\$ 59,898,211	\$ 60,282,236	\$ 59,384,234	\$ 61,110,580	\$ 60,833,683	\$ 66,077,816
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit a a Percentage of the Debt Limit	0.08%	0.30%	0.54%	0.83%	1.08%	1.29%	1.53%	1.68%	1.88%	1.91%

Note: Bonded indebtedness is limited by Section 95.111 and 95.120 of the Missouri Revised Statutes (1986) to 10% of the assessed value of taxable tangible property. An additional 10% may be used for certain purposes such as streets and sewerage system improvements. The table above reflects only the basic 10% limit.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Governmental Activities							Business-type Activities								
Fiscal Year	Impro	orhood vement t Bonds	Leasehold Revenue Bonds	Certificates of Participation	Notes Payable		x Increment venue Bonds		Leasehold venue Bonds		rtificates of		wer System venue Bonds	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per	r Capita
2017	\$	69,800	\$ 615,379	\$ 21,904,551	\$ 3,449,130	\$	1,002,000	\$	1,947,381	\$	3,161,822	\$	25,119,545	57,269,608	5 %	\$	1,444
2016	2	24,000	687,272	23,396,798	3,734,717		1,002,000		2,529,716		3,584,356		26,840,970	61,999,829	6		1,735
2015	3	73,202	757,165	24,614,040	4,076,398		1,002,000		7,426,909		-		28,533,395	66,783,109	6		1,914
2014	5	17,403	823,871	24,795,456	4,362,409		1,002,000		8,471,496		-		30,189,819	70,162,454	6		2,118
2013	6	55,000	888,970	26,175,000	4,582,599		1,002,000		9,566,030		-		31,547,777	74,417,376	8		2,220
2012	7	90,000	950,970	27,180,000	4,773,105		1,002,000		10,554,030		-		32,811,288	78,061,393	8		2,525
2011	9	20,000	994,008	28,165,000	4,942,078		1,002,000		11,565,993		-		22,914,922	70,504,001	7		2,308
2010	1,0	45,000	1,104,925	9,265,000	5,126,177		1,002,000		12,190,075		-		16,910,000	46,643,177	5		1,696
2009	1,1	65,000	6,992,900	-	5,469,290		1,002,000		13,027,100		-		17,755,000	45,411,290	0		1,651
2008	1,2	85,000	7,212,440	-	5,943,027		1,002,000		13,932,560		-		18,595,000	47,970,027	8		2,130

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT DECEMBER 31, 2017

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding ⁽¹⁾	Estimated Percentage Applicable (2)	 imated Share Overlapping Debt
Wentzville School District	\$155,410,445	44.61 %	\$ 69,328,600
Wentzville Fire Protection District	27,950,000	49.74	13,902,330
St. Charles County	3,113,000	10.21	317,837
St. Charles County Community College	22,935,000	10.27	2,355,425
St. Charles County Ambulance	3,400,000	10.21	347,140
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt	212,808,445		86,251,332
City Direct Debt	27,040,860	100.00	27,040,860
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$239,849,305		\$ 113,292,192

Source: Information was obtained from Taxing Jurisdictions or other public records. The debt, except for the City, excludes lease obligations and other annual appropriation financings.

⁽¹⁾ Represents only general obligation bonds.

⁽²⁾ Estimates are based on 2017 real and personal property assessment.

PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Gross Earnings	Operating and Maintenance Expense		Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2017	\$ 8,522,067	\$	3,082,545	\$ 5,439,522	\$ 1,702,000	\$ 788,474	2.18
2016	8,299,764		3,205,560	5,094,204	1,673,000	837,988	2.02
2015	7,107,547		3,062,430	4,045,117	1,637,000	886,594	1.59
2014	6,834,080		2,187,275	4,646,805	1,600,776	944,438	1.83
2013	6,214,087		2,196,179	4,017,908	1,283,000	986,584	1.77
2012	8,184,895		5,324,554	2,860,341	234,373	641,199	3.27
2011	6,269,706		4,988,654	1,281,052	170,474	687,747	1.49
2010	6,428,726		4,988,654	1,538,533	120,000	694,363	1.89
2009	5,677,287		4,806,018	871,269	120,000	689,180	1.08
2008	6,526,869		3,918,615	2,608,254	115,000	1,536,364	1.58

Source: City Records

DEMOGRAPHICS AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

_	Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Median Age (1)	Personal Income	Per Capita Income (2)	School Enrollment (3)	County Unemployment Rate (4)
	2017	39,660	33.2	1,228,428,840	30,974	16,375	2.7 %
	2016	37,805	34.5	1,161,483,015	30,723	15,336	3.3
	2015	35,702	33.6	1,018,970,782	28,541	14,769	3.9
	2014	33,877	36.8	955,060,384	28,192	14,222	4.8
	2013	32,187	36.8	1,022,967,234	31,782	13,659	5.6
	2012	30,734	36.6	986,315,528	32,092	13,103	6.0
	2011	29,659	35.4	909,463,576	30,664	12,603	7.2
	2010	29,070	35.4	825,297,300	28,390	12,121	8.3
	2009	26,957	34.7	707,905,000	25,742	11,636	8.6
	2008	26,025	34.7	611,835,856	25,742	11,115	5.3

(1) Source: Census Bureau, Official Census for 2010. All other numbers are estimates.

(2) Source: Census Bureau and ESRI except for 2012, 2013 and 2015 which reflect the American Community Survey Estimates.

(4) Source: Missouri Economic Research and Information Center.

Notes:

Fiscal years 2007 - 2015 reflect County unemployment rates; 2016 and 2017 reflect City unemployment rates.

Population estimates are based on the number of new housing permits issued for the calendar year, multiplied by the U.S. Census Bureau recommended average of 2.7 persons per household. An inconsistency between the City's planning estimates and the estimates used here was discovered in the population numbers. Therefore, corrections have been made to the population estimates and the personal income for years 2007-2009 and 2011-2016.

⁽³⁾ Source: Missouri Department of Elementary and Secondary Education.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2017		2008		
			Percentage of			
			Total City			
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	
General Motors	4,561	1	22.6 %	2,500	1	
Wentzville R-IV School District (across multiple cities)	1,560	2	7.7	1,800	2	
Crider Health Center	711	3	3.5	145	10	
TVS Supply	475	4	2.4			
Etrailer Corp.	370	5	1.8			
Faurecia Automotive Seating	300	6	1.5			
City of Wentzville	280	7	1.4	188	6	
Rapid Response	265	8	1.3			
SSM St. Joseph Health Center - Wentzville	219	9	1.1	175	7	
RK Stratman Company Inc	201	10	1.0	302	4	
Lear Corporation	194	11	1.0	227	5	
Thyssen/Krupp	147	12	0.7			
Cosmos Corporation	115	13	0.6			
US Fidelis				1,000	3	
CenturyTel Telephone Company				160	8	
Superior Home Products Inc				160	8	
	10,086		46.7 %	6,657		

Source: City Economic Development Department

City Business Licenses (system in place since 2005)

Notes:

License data is number of employees part-time and full-time.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Elected Officials:										
Mayor	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Aldermen	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Municipal Court Judge	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
General Government:										
City Administrator	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1
Assistant City Administrator	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assistant To City Administrator	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
City Clerk	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Communication Manager/PIO	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Administrative Serivces	3	3	3	5	4	4	4	4	4	4
Human Resources	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Information Technology	3	3	3	2	0	1	1	1	2	2
Procurement	3	4	4	3	2	2	0	0	0	0
Finance	6	5	5	7	7	6	8	7	8	8
Municipal Court:										
Administrative & Support	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Police:										
Chief, Mayor and Captain	4	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
Administrative and Detectives	8	10	7	1	6	7	8	8	8	8
Patrol Lieutenant	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Patrol Sergeant	9	8	8	7	6	6	4	4	4	4
Patrol Officers	38	38	38	48	37	33	35	35	35	34
Animal Control/Park Rangers	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Support Lieutenant	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
Support Patrol - DARE	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Correction Technicians	6	7	7	8	7	5	6	6	6	6
Dispatch-Communications Officers	10	11	9	9	8	9	8	8	8	8
Records	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	3	4
Public Works:										
Administrative Services	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	1	2	2
Stormwater Management Coordinator	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Engineering	12	11	8	8	8	7	8	8	8	9
Streets & Signals	18	16	14	16	15	15	15	14	15	15
Fleet	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Facility Operations	6	5	5	5	4	5	5	5	5	5
Transportation	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Community Development:										
Administrative Services	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Planning and Zoning	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Building - Administrative & Support	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Building - Inspectors & Code Officers	7	5	4	4	3	4	4	6	6	7
Building - Plan Examiners	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
Economic Development	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	1	2	2
Parks and Recreation:										
Administrative, Support, Park Ranger	6	5	4	2	2	2	2	4	4	4
Recreation	8	7	8	7	6	4	6	4	4	4
Maintenance	10	9	8	4	5	5	5	5	5	5
Water and Wastewater:										
Supervisor	1	2	2	2	0	1	1	1	1	1
Adminstrative Support	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Water Maintenance	14	13	11	10	8	9	9	9	9	10
Wastewater Maintenance	13	13	13	12	10	10	9	8	9	9

CITY OF WENTZVILLE, MISSOURI OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Police - Patrol:										
Arrests	2,322	2,163	1,945	2,370	2,453	2,303	2,312	2,222	4,283	3,106
Citations	9,806	9,438	8,769	9,981	9,923	8,012	9,496	9,116	8,889	9,118
Calls for Service	69,136	65,931	61,783	54,160	51,140	48,181	50,785	45,691	41,867	44,062
Accidents	897	973	1,002	725	644	515	582	596	508	609
Building Inspection:										
Single-family	573	663	596	549	434	318	182	245	309	289
Multi-family	114	116	80	77	104	80	36	134	36	14
Commercial	9	16	15	11	6	10	7	6	9	23
Occupancy	1,356	1,489	1,339	1,243	1,066	1,326	1,131	1,360	1,724	1,890
Other Permits	1,605	1,505	1,353	1,196	1,038	596	866	1,026	1,039	1,177
Inspections	36,356	24,574	24,593	22,679	11,687	10,570	10,490	13,224	15,408	13,128
Planning and Zoning:										
Rezoning	20	12	13	8	5	6	5	16	1	9
Site Plans	18	26	32	21	18	20	15	7	15	22
Record Plats	16	28	23	13	11	8	6	10	10	10
Prelim Plans/Plats	7	5	4	8	-	1	2	2	5	2
Planned Developments	12	4	9	8	1	2	_	-	-	-
Conditional Use Permits	22	27	27	21	16	14	22	27	13	18
Parks:										
Program Participation	11,103	10,417	13,650	9,543	11,588	9,854	11,637	8,795	8,147	3,847
Special Event Attendance	45,398	25,962	19,400	17,150	25,152	23,690	30,882	10,535	3,997	5,982
Daily Usage Rec Facility	46,010	44,913	42,128	40,692	21,629	27,663	13,844	9,473	8,371	8,682
Membership Usage	36,193	42,400	42,142	50,134	29,276	32,232	34,658	32,348	32,325	43,861
Pool Usage	56,010	52,448	50,931	53,605	25,137	27,663	29,483	29,233	27,452	32,878
Facility Rentals	318	349	253	359	269	222	157	163	133	179
Field Rentals	3,476	961	1,519							
Green Ltn Sr Meals	24,988	25,382	23,109	20,980	20,116	21,348	22,488	24,271	25,178	24,214
Acres Mowed *	247	250	143	143	154	154	154	154	154	154
Administrative and Finance										
Request for Information	92	106	87	70	74	79	108	88	73	57
Business License Issues	707	664	613	666	639	559	566	664	586	620
AP Checks	4,336	3,641	4,371	4,126	3,936	4,219	4,050	4,499	4,646	5,107
EFTs	1,823	1,694	1,406	1,216	1,193	1,084	1,063	993	881	585

^{*}includes some private fields we maintain in exchange for usage

Source: City department records

CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Administration:										
Vehicles	_	1	1	3	1	_	1	3	3	3
Venicies		1	1	3	1		1	3	3	3
Law Enforcement/Courts:										
Courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	51	52	51	55	47	38	37	37	37	37
Public Works:										
Vehicles	55	51	46	41	47	37	37	48	48	48
Miles of Streets	178	171	168	191	188	182	180	177	173	167
Traffic Lights and Signa	14	14	13	13	13	13	13	13	11	11
Miles of Storm Sewers	169	163	141	137	134	128	125	122	113	107
Community Development:										
Vehicles	13	11	11	9	10	10	9	-	-	-
Parks:										
Vehicles	22	19	16	11	11	11	11	10	9	10
Number of Parks	16	18	14	14	13	13	13	13	13	13
Acres of Parks	334	330	330	323	307	307	307	293	293	293
Community Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Swimming Pools	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water:										
Vehicles	18	17	15	13	13	13	14	15	15	15
Pumping Stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
Miles of Waterlines	262	252	250	245	243	240	235	231	131	155
Sewer:										
Vehicles	15	15	15	14	12	11	10	10	10	9
Lift Stations	39	39	38	38	37	36	34	35	35	35
Miles of Sanitary Sewer	242	243	237	273	275	268	262	258	190	183

Source: Various city departments.